

The Hartford Republican

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

Subscription \$1 per Year

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HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, APRIL 20, 1917.

No. 42

HOUSTON URGES CORN PLANTING

OHIO COUNTY INCLUDED IN LIST
MENTIONED FOR INCREASE
BY THE SECRETARY.

IS IMPORTANT CEREAL

Yield May Be Increased Here With-
out Encroaching Upon Other Im-
portant Crops Is Belief.

Washington, April 18.—A special appeal to the farmers of thirty-three counties in Kentucky to grow more corn this summer was made to-night by Secretary of Agriculture Houston.

Although the appeal is nation-wide, especially reference is made to the leading corn producing counties. "Corn is America's most important cereal," said Secretary Houston. "The production of corn should be increased this year to the fullest extent, taking into consideration seed, labor and existing economic conditions and the availability of good land in corn growing sections not needed urgently for other crops. The average may well be increased in the county east of the one hundredth meridian, as corn in general thrives in this region."

Kentucky counties mentioned by Secretary Houston as among the leading producers of corn and where increased production is urged this year are Ohio, Graves, Henderson, Union, Christian, Daviess, Grayson, Hardin, Pulaski, Warren, Harlan, Breckenridge, Callaway, Crittenden, Hopkins, Logan, Madison, Adair, Ballard, Hunter, Hart, Hickman, Lawrence, Livingston, Marshall, Muhlenberg, Nelson, Pike, Todd, Trigg, Wayne, Webster and Whitley.

"An appreciable increase in the corn crop is most feasible," Secretary Houston continues. "In the sections of highest corn production, favorable growing conditions exist in such regions; farmers there are familiar with corn growing; they have the necessary equipment available, and have adapted corn production to prevailing economic conditions. Farmers in such regions, through many years of experience, have learned methods of successfully combating adverse conditions. They know that the plowing of virgin, tested, seed in well tilled soil, immediately replanting of missing hills, and early and continued cultivation of the fields count for much in the ability of the plants to produce a bountiful yield. This knowledge should be put to good use during the coming season in order that however unfavorable conditions may be, production of an exceptionally large crop may be assured."

"In practically every county in the country in which experience has shown that corn may be produced successfully, the possibilities of increasing the corn crop without encroaching upon other important crops is at least worthy of consideration. If land, labor and seed are available."

BOY SCOUTS VOLUNTEER FOR CLEAN-UP CAMPAIGN

At a recent meeting of the Hartford troop of Boy Scouts the scouts voted unanimously to volunteer their services to Mayor Her for the clean-up campaign Tuesday and Wednesday. Mayor Her gladly accepted the offer and the troop will assist in the war on weeds, rats and filth on those days.

With the scouts and progressive citizens of Hartford at work on those days the old town is in for a good bath.

MANY CONGRESSMEN OFFER TO JOIN ARMY OR NAVY

Washington, April 15.—President Wilson, replying to offers of members of Congress and other officials to serve in the army, has declared his belief that work in the civil departments of government at this time is just as important as military activity.

Many members of both houses of Congress and some important officials have written to the president proposing to resign their posts and serve in the army and navy. Many of them have had previous military service.

A typical letter sent by the president to members of Congress is that

written to-day to Representative Rodney of Illinois, a Democratic member of the Ways and Means Committee. It says:

"Your letter of April 6 does you great honor. I do not wonder that you feel as you do, and yet I want very earnestly to remind you that we are engaged not merely in creating an army, but also in mobilizing a nation to perform all its functions at the highest pitch of efficiency. Surely in such circumstances it is just as much men's duty to stay at a post such as you have been assigned to by your constituents as it is for a man to volunteer for an army. I take this view of it with the greatest confidence."

GERMANY TO REDUCE ITS BREAD RATION 25 PER CENT

Amsterdam, via London, April 15. The Huisdoff General Anzeiger in an article explains to the working population of the Rhinehonds of Westphalia that necessity has driven the country to a new food rationing. This will begin April 15 and will include a reduction of 25 per cent in the bread ration. The newspaper says the old crop must serve for four months, but that there are only supplies for one month. No peace, the newspaper adds, even if it came tomorrow, would alter the situation, and even after peace it will be a long time before the food situation is again brought to normal.

The newspaper concludes by saying that the Rumanian wheat crop must be rushed up, now that the Danube is free from ice and that the people must hold out. It says there is no alternative.

KENTUCKY RURAL CREDITS ASSOCIATION

All members of the Association in Ohio county are called to meet at the court house in Hartford, Saturday, April 21, 1917, at one o'clock, important business.

(Signed) S. T. BARNETT,
AL. SHEFFIELD.

USEFUL LIFE

Terminated By The Death Of Mrs.
Abbie Rowan Ford.

Wednesday afternoon brought to a close one of the most useful lives of which Ohio county has ever been the beneficiary when Mrs. Abbie Rowan Ford, the wife of Capt. J. W. Ford, expired at her home on Union Street about 5 o'clock. Angina pectoris and complications caused the death of Mrs. Ford, which, owing to the gradual decline of her health for more than a year, was not unexpected.

Mrs. Ford was the last surviving daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Rowan, a very prominent family of Berlin. She lived a life that might truly be said as nearly perfect as that exalted position is ever approached and her example may be followed by younger womanhood with profit.

She was born November 12, 1844, and was married exactly twenty-eight years later. Her home has always been noted for its genuine Southern hospitality and even after becoming physically disabled her cheerfulness has been remarkable.

Funeral services were held at the Methodist church yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Mrs. Ford having been a member of that church for over fifty years. Pastor R. W. Napier and Rev. R. D. Bennett conducted the ceremonies before a large attendance of friends. The remains were laid to rest in Oakwood cemetery.

Besides her husband one daughter, Mrs. R. E. Lee Shinneman, survives.

WILSON'S PLEA DISTRESS CRY, GERMANS DECLARE

Amsterdam, April 17.—The Cologne Gazette, commenting on President Wilson's message to the American people says:

"Shorn of its swollen phrasology, this appeal is nothing but a cry of distress. President Wilson himself must admit that the war against Germany cannot be won if America is unable to provide herself and her allies with food. That, however, is impossible, as America is facing a crop failure which cannot be averted by President Wilson's little remedies."

"The raids of our submarines, therefore, gain in importance. For every ship they sink, grows the difficulty of transporting the small exportable crops to the points where they are most needed."

WOT DO I CARE FOR A BLOOMIN' COAT?



—Evans in Baltimore American.

GERMAN SUBMARINE ATTACKS DESTROYER

TORPEDO FIRED AT U. S. SHIP
100 MILES SOUTH OF NEW
YORK.

Washington, April 17.—A German submarine today fired on the destroyer Smith about 100 miles south of New York.

The presence of enemy submarines in American waters indicates that the threatened German blockade of American Atlantic ports has begun.

This announcement was made at the Navy Department.

"Reported from Fire Island lightship to the naval stations at Boston and New York at 3:30 a. m., on the 17th, an enemy submarine was sighted by the U. S. S. Smith, running apparently submerged. Submarine fired a torpedo at the U. S. S. Smith which missed her by about thirty yards. The wake of the torpedo was plainly seen crossing the bow. Submarine disappeared."

First information of the encounter came to the Navy Department in a roundabout way from Boston navy yard, which picked up the Smith's report, saying she had been fired upon by a German U-boat.

The Navy Department, after communicating with Fire Island, Boston, New York and some other points on the Atlantic coast, announced that the report of the Smith's encounter had been substantiated by official investigation.

Whether the presence of the German submarine merely foreshadows a sporadic raid, such as the U-53 conducted off the New England coast, or whether it is the signal for the beginning of a general submarine blockade of the Atlantic coast is not known.

Model For New Submarine.

Evansville, Ind., April 16.—John Earl, an inventor of Rockport, Ind., has almost completed a model for his submarine. As soon as it is completed he will organize a company to raise funds with which to build a boat. Park says a submarine such as he proposes to build can be completed for about 1,500. When he has finished the boat, he says, he will give exhibitions along the Ohio and Mississippi rivers. Funds derived from these exhibitions, Park thinks, will pay for the construction of the boat and leave a substantial sum as a nucleus to establish a factory for the manufacture of submarines.

Have You Any Indian Relics to Sell?

I will pay good prices for desirable relics found in Ohio County or surrounding Counties. Send outlines showing form of relics. Write—E. L. Ronno, Cosmos—Monitor, St. Charles Mo. 39147

GERMAN HATRED FOR AMERICA DISCLOSED

INTENDED TO SUBDU ENGLAND
THEN ATTACK U. S. TO PAY
WAR COST.

Houston, April 13.—"To show the deep hatred," which he asserted Germany has held against the United States, former Ambassador James W. Gerard to-night disclosed facts which he said had been kept from the American people during the past two and a half years. He was the principal speaker at a national defense dinner given by the Pilgrim Publicity Association.

Mr. Gerard said that Admiral von Tirpitz, in thinly veiled statements, and the German Reichstag and Prussian Parliament, in open discussions, proposed the institution of unrestricted submarine warfare against England with the intention, "when England should have been subdued by hunger to come over to the United States and collect the price of the war from us."

"I want to tell you," Mr. Gerard added, "that if we had not gone into this war Germany would have fulfilled its intention to come over here afterward and attack us, and would have done so almost with the applause of the rest of the world. I can tell you also that everything consistent with honor was done to keep us out of the war. Beyond that I am sure none would have us go."

MUST SEND MEN ABROAD, OPINION OF GEN. WOOD

Boston, April 17.—Maj. Gen. Wood, speaking at a meeting of the American Cotton Waste Exchange here to-day, said that the United States would not fulfill its duty in this war until it had sent men to the front. The meeting was called to raise funds to equip a complete ambulance unit for the Red Cross.

"If we are to be part of the war," said Gen. Wood, "our men in uniform must be at the front. It is no child's play. We shall send living men and bring them back dead—but never until this is done shall we fulfill our duty."

but every man does not. The universal system treats all alike—rich or poor, native born or newcomer. So get behind the Administration and you'll get rid of a lot of loose talk about war. Only 6,000 men have been enlisted in two weeks, and I leave it to you to estimate how long it will take to get an army of a million men."

FORD WAIVES PATENT RIGHTS ON TRACTORS

Detroit, Mich., April 17.—Henry Ford, at the request of the British Government, has waived all patent rights on his farm tractor and has cabled the specifications to England so Great Britain can manufacture tractors for use in the British Isles and in France. Announcement to this effect was made at the Ford Motor Company to-day.

It is believed that the tractors will help to greatly increase farm acreage in the Entente countries.

It also was announced that Mr. Ford hopes to have thousands of tractors ready for use in the United States and Canada by August 1. Mr. Ford's entire tractor plant, the same as his automobile factory, will be at the disposal of the United States Government.

PAPER NEARLY CENTURY OLD PRESENTED TO US

Thru the courtesy of Miss Mary Hunger, of this place, the writer has been presented with a copy of the Bardstown Repository, of the issue of July 16th, 1819. The paper had been given to Mr. G. W. Bunker, deceased, father of Miss Mary, many years ago. The paper was issued weekly, is in a fine state of preservation, well printed, contains news from many parts of the United States, foreign countries and items which would be of real interest to readers of present day journals. In our next number we contemplate reproducing one or more of the articles as appeared in the above named journal.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION

Assures Foreign-Born Ohio Coun-
tians of Protection.

J. S. O. Keown, Sheriff of Ohio county, Kentucky, take this method of assuring all residents of foreign birth that they need not fear any invasion of personal property rights so long as they go peaceably about their business and conduct themselves in a law-abiding manner. The United States has never, in any war, confiscated the property of any foreign resident unless by his own hostile acts he made it necessary.

"So long as the laws of the Nation, State and county are obeyed foreign-born residents in this county will be protected in the ownership of their property and money and be free from personal molestation to the full extent of my authority as an executive officer."

All should refrain from public discussion of questions involved in the present crisis and maintain a considerate attitude to all others regardless of their nationality.

Every citizen owes undivided allegiance to the American flag and he is expected to loyally fulfill all obligations which citizenship and residence impose upon him. Any act, however slight, tending to give aid to the enemy is treason, for which severe penalties are provided in addition to the punishment which public opinion inflicts in all lands.

Done at Hartford, Ky., this April 17, 1917.

S. O. KEDOWN, Sheriff.

Youngster Too Patriotic.

New Castle, Ky., April 17.—Glover Mahans, five-year-old boy, found a pistol in his mother's dresser yesterday and proceeded to play war. Looking into the looking-glass, he cried, "You are a German and I'm an American, and I'm going to shoot you." Sutting his action to his words, the youngster fired. There was a crash that brought the members of the family into the room, and the pistol was wrested from the grasp of the youngster, who was delighted over his first victory for his country.

Sharpen Everything But your Whiskers. Plow points ground on short notes by power driven tools. All kinds of woodworking and blacksmithing done to your satisfaction. Service unexcelled.

GILLESPIE BROS.,
Hartford, Ky.

FIGHT PASSAGE OF DRAFT BILL

ADMINISTRATION IS WORKING
HARD FOR SUPPORT TO EN-
ABLE FAVORABLE REPORT.

SUMMONS REPUBLICANS

President Looks To Political Oppo-
nents For Assistance In Passing
Conscription Measure.

Washington, April 17.—It is now a finish fight between the Republican supporters of the selective draft system of raising an army and the Democratic opponents of the plan who are contending for the volunteer system. Efforts are being put forward by the Administration to win enough converts for the selective draft to enable the House Committee on Military Affairs to order a favorable report on the Administration Bill. That failing, the Administration will try to get the bill through the Senate first in the hope that the House will accept it despite the opposition on the Military Affairs Committee.

President Wilson to-day summoned Minority Leader Mann and Representative Lenroot, of Wisconsin, to the White House to-day to bespeak their support of the Administration army bill. It is realized by the President that his hope of success lies principally with those members who are opposed to him practically, since the obstacles in the way of this measure have been placed almost exclusively by Democrats who have refused to support the President and have delayed action at a time when it is considered that every day is of tremendous importance.

Committee Line-up.

Of the eight Republicans who are now members of the Military Affairs Committee, only two, Anthony, of Kansas, and Hull, of Iowa, are opposed to conscription. Mr. Mann assured the President that the additional Republican whom he had selected for appointment to the committee would support the "selective draft" bill unreservedly. This will make the committee stand hereafter eleven for conscription and ten against conscription, so that the President's bill can be reported favorably to the House, but only by a majority of one. This, of course, will mean a minority report signed by ten members, with a majority report signed by eleven, a condition which might prove very dangerous to the success of the bill in the House.

Chairman Dent, of the Military Committee, late this afternoon went to the White House and informed the President of the opposition to the army bill that has developed in the committee. Mr. Dent is advocating the adoption of an alternative proposition that will permit the President to use either the volunteer or selective draft systems in raising an army.

Secretary of War Baker, appearing before the House Military Affairs Committee to-day and again to-night, stated emphatically that he would consent to no compromise on the principle of organizing an army. As the representative of the President he insisted that the selective draft principle should be adopted and he would not consider any other.

Wm. Debruler Dead.

Mr. William Debruler died at his home in Fordsville of organic heart trouble on the 17th. Burial took place at Pleasant Grove on Wednesday. Deceased was 76 years of age and a veteran of the Civil War.

GOV. WHITMAN WILL GIVE ROOSEVELT COMMISSION

Albany, N. Y., April 17.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt may have any military commission which Governor Whitman has the power to confer, the executive announced to-day. The Governor asserted that he believed Col. Roosevelt was needed in the present crisis.

"I think no other living American," the executive said, "would attract by his leadership so many men to the colors. Of course, my commission is good only within the State and whether it would be recognized by the Federal Government is not within my power to determine."

HOW UNCLE SAM FILLS WAR CHEST

ENOIGIOUS SUMS OF MONEY NECESSARY TO CONDUCT BIG FIGHT.

WAR LOANS OF PAST

First United States Bonds Issued To Defray Expenses of the Revolution.

Washington, April 14.—Ways and means for keeping Uncle Sam's war chest constantly replenished has taken its place among the many big problems that the government is called upon to solve in the present emergency. Most people know that it takes a great deal of money to wage war, but few have any adequate idea of how vast are the sums required. Fortunately, there is ample money in the United States at the present time to meet all requirements. The problem is how best to transfer the money into Uncle Sam's coffers in a way to prove least burdensome to the greatest number.

The formulation of tax measures for the war has not reached a definite stage, but there are indications that the Treasury will endeavor to raise by one bond issue as much of the \$3,500,000,000 already asked for as cannot be obtained by new and increased taxation.

But Drop in Bucket.

A billion dollars in bonds seems a colossal amount, but as a matter of fact it would be but a drop in the bucket compared with what Uncle Sam has borrowed since he began business. The total amount of bonds sold by the government during the first century of its existence, or down to 1888, was in excess of \$10,000,000,000, a sum which makes the mind dizzy and which would buy up a dozen of the small monarchies of Europe. Many of these bond issues up to that time were made to fund previous loans, but interest was paid on every one of these dollars, and the gold which has been spent in this way by Uncle Sam would fill all the great departments in Washington and leave enough to make a solid gold statue as large as that of the Goddess of Liberty, which stands at the Capitol dome.

The first issue of United States bonds to any considerable extent was made in 1790. It was found then that the indebtedness incurred by the Revolution was a matter of grave importance. The indebtedness was in many forms and on enormous accounts. Alexander Hamilton came to the front with a plan, which, after a long and heated debate in Congress, was adopted. It was decided to fund the revolutionary debt by means of a bond issue. The bonds ran in three series, the bulk of the them drawing 6 per cent interest, the total issue amounting to about \$64,000,000. The scheme proved to be triumphant over those who had opposed it.

Borrowed \$11,000,000.

In 1812 the Government was again compelled to borrow money, owing to the expense incurred in the second war with Great Britain. This time a loan of \$11,000,000 was negotiated, stock being issued at the rate of 100 per cent of the face value of the bonds.

The Government was again compelled to borrow money in 1846, when it was found that the indebtedness incurred by the Mexican war was a matter of grave importance. The indebtedness was in many forms and on enormous accounts. Alexander Hamilton came to the front with a plan, which, after a long and heated debate in Congress, was adopted. It was decided to fund the revolutionary debt by means of a bond issue. The bonds ran in three series, the bulk of the them drawing 6 per cent interest, the total issue amounting to about \$64,000,000. The scheme proved to be triumphant over those who had opposed it.

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to their capital. The plan admirably, and three issues were made. The time to time since the Civil Government has found it necessary to make large loans. The people have always responded readily or they know there is no better security in the world than a United States bond. The banks cry for them. Old makers sigh for them, and the timid capitalists are almost ready to die for them. Thousands of comparatively poor people will invest in the new bonds, knowing that their money will be safe and the interest will always be paid when it is due.

Why Constipation Injures.
The bowels are the natural sewerage system of the body. When they become obstructed by constipation a part of the poisonous matter which they should carry off is absorbed into the system, making you feel dull and stupid, and interfering with the digestion and assimilation of food. This condition is quickly relieved by Chamberlain's Tablets. Obtainable everywhere.

Sounds Good, At Any Rate.
Stockton.—That man's word is as good as gold.
Bonds.—So I hear. Even his voice seems to have the right ring to it.

MINERS AWAIT BODY OF THEIR LEADER

WEIRDEST VIRGIL OF NORTH NEAR END AS GLACIER RIVER DISGORGES VICTIMS.

Seward, Alaska, April 14.—Prospectors to the north of here are holding a weird vigil. They are waiting for Twenty Mile glacier to disgorge one of its victims. Several years ago Fred Andrews, a miner, plunged to his doom in a deep crevasse while leading a prospecting party to the head of Twenty Mile River.

He died slowly, helplessly, wedged tight in the icy sham, while his frenzied companions tried vainly to reach him. And now his body, believe those who are familiar with the slow movement of the frozen river, is due to appear in the blue face ice of this strange vault.

Every big glacier in Alaska holds the bodies of many men, occasionally they are surrendered again to the light of day, remarkably well preserved.

Not Hurt By Fall.

Those who watch for Andrews expect to see him as he was the day he died.

The fall did not seriously injure Fred Andrews. Peering over the brink, his companions saw him wedged head down, in the crevasse eighty feet below. They called to him and answered that he was not hurt, but that the license chill was beginning even to numb his body.

The others tried to reach him by tying their pack ropes together, but the line was too short. The nearest camp was on Crow Creek, twenty-five miles away. Before it could be reached and the return made with a long rope Andrews would be frozen. There was nothing they could do but stand by and watch their leader die.

"Now, don't get excited, boys," the freezing man admonished. "Take your time and do things carefully. I'm going to live." I saw him smile. "There's nothing wrong with me. The time has just come when I must go down. I'm not hurt at all. I'm just a little cold."

"Don't take rash," Urges.
The man's face was pale and his hands were numb. He was still smiling, but his eyes were fixed on the ground. He was waiting for the inevitable.

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HEALTH SHOULD PREVAIL IN ARMY

AMERICAN SOLDIER SHOULD BE MOST HEALTHY IN WORLD AFTER LESSONS.

LEARN FROM BRITISH

U. S. Army Medical Men May Profit By Experiences of English—Study War Problems.

London, April 2.—The American soldier ought to be the healthiest in the world because he starts out backed by a medical organization that has been given all the valuable lessons learned by the big British army in its three years' experience in this greatest of wars.

The statement made by Sir Alfred Keogh, Surgeon General of the British army, to an Associated Press representative revealed for the first time the close co-operation between the medical branches of the American and British armies maintained since the early days of the war. For this fact the American people must thank Sir Alfred, the man responsible for the health of the five million British soldiers scattered all over the various theaters of war, who has placed and is still doing so all the information gained in the war at the disposal of the American army medical men.

Right now, Sir Alfred said, there are in this country four of the leading United States army medical men, who have been studying the British medical and sanitary arrangements in France and who have toured the hospitals in England and studied the Royal Army Medical Corps at home. They are Surgeon Pleadwell, Col. Bradley, Maj. Ford and Maj. Lister.

Giving U. S. Benefits.
"We have and still are giving the United States army the benefits of our three years' experience in keeping healthy our enormous army," Sir Alfred continued. "In fact a close co-operation between the medical branches of our army and yours has been maintained since the very beginning of the war, American army medical men have from the start been keeping in touch with our medical and sanitary arrangements and if the results of their observations have been applied to their own organizations, as I have every reason to believe they have, the United States army ought to take the field under better medical supervision than any in the world. In other words the American soldier ought to be the healthiest, backed as he is, by a medical organization that has benefited by all the experiences of our great armies."

"Of course the United States has always had a very highly efficient medical service. The only question is whether or not it is fully prepared for the expansion necessary in raising a large army. I say this because I doubt whether those outside the organization understand its importance. The layman usually thinks only of the killing efficiency of an army, not realizing that he is able to win the war, so long as his health and his right to win all the time."

Must Be Fed Right.
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Kentucky Educational Association

LOUISVILLE, APRIL 25-28

LOW ROUND-TRIP RATES FROM HARTFORD AND ALL WA. STATIONS

Louisville & Nashville R. R.

Tickets on sale April 24-25-26; limit May 1st.

See nearest L. & N. Agent for Particulars.

service to acquaint themselves. In times of peace with what they must ultimately learn in time of war. Rural sanitation is alive to this. It is evidenced by the fact that they have sent to us nine of the learned professors of Johns Hopkins University at Baltimore to make a special study of rural sanitation in the town in France which we take charge of as soon as our armies enter them."

Stop Left Over Coughs.

Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will stop that hacking cough that lingers from January. The soothing pine balsams loosen the phlegm, heal the irritated membrane, the glycerine relieves the tender tissues, you breathe easier and coughing ceases. Don't neglect a lingering cough, it is dangerous. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is antiseptic and pleasant to take, benefits young and old, get it at your druggist to-day. Formula on bottle, 25c.

GIVES \$50,000 TO WIFE WHO DIVORCED HIM

Chicago, April 14.—William Koene man deserted his wife four years ago, then wrote to ask if he might come back. Altho he was told he might if he would cease to make his regular spring disappearances, he did not return and his wife divorced him.

Three years ago she was married to William Koene man. Koene man drifted down to Jamestown, Tex., and became rich. Then, having redeemed himself, as he figured it, he advertised in the papers of Kensdale, Wis., his former home town, for news of his wife. Thus he learned of her divorce and remarriage.

Mrs. Koene man-Bettors has received from her former husband a draft for \$50,000 for the benefit of their two sons. "Get another divorce and remarry him," she said in reply to a question. "No, I have Bettors too much, even tho he is only a yard-master, and not as wealthy as Koene man. But I am glad to have the money for the boys."

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

The Sunday School Convention of the Missionary Baptist churches of Ohio county will meet with Dundas Baptist church, Sunday, April 29, at 9:00 o'clock a. m. with the following program:
9:00 a. m. Local Sunday School meets.
9:15, Song and prayer.
9:30, Report of schools and enrollment of members.
9:45, Reading of minutes and other business.
10:15, How to secure cooperation in a Sunday School—W. M. Fair and Aaron Ross.

11:15, How to run the Sunday School—W. M. Fair and Aaron Ross.
11:45, Antennas.
12:00, Dinner.
1:00, How to run the Sunday School—W. M. Fair and Aaron Ross.

2:00, How to run the Sunday School—W. M. Fair and Aaron Ross.
2:30, How to run the Sunday School—W. M. Fair and Aaron Ross.
3:00, How to run the Sunday School—W. M. Fair and Aaron Ross.

3:30, How to run the Sunday School—W. M. Fair and Aaron Ross.
4:00, How to run the Sunday School—W. M. Fair and Aaron Ross.
4:30, How to run the Sunday School—W. M. Fair and Aaron Ross.

5:00, How to run the Sunday School—W. M. Fair and Aaron Ross.
5:30, How to run the Sunday School—W. M. Fair and Aaron Ross.
6:00, How to run the Sunday School—W. M. Fair and Aaron Ross.

6:30, How to run the Sunday School—W. M. Fair and Aaron Ross.
7:00, How to run the Sunday School—W. M. Fair and Aaron Ross.
7:30, How to run the Sunday School—W. M. Fair and Aaron Ross.

CALL ON US

For Overcoats, Suits, Odd Pants, Ladies' Coat Suits and Cloaks. Don't miss us. All new and up-to-date.

Hub Clothing Co.

HARTFORD, KY.

67 WARS CENTER ON JERUSALEM

HOLY CITY, BESIEGED BY JEW, CHRISTIAN AND MOSLEM, ONCE RAZED.

New York, April 14.—Three more the gaze of the world is focussed on the city of Jerusalem that citadel on a rock which has stood for Jew, Christian and Moslem as a city of holiness.

From at least 1000 B. C. it has been striven for by representatives of these three great religions. The present probable siege and attack by English forces will make but one more chapter in a history already filled with accounts of battles, sieges and political intrigues, which have resulted in continuous change of government and form of rule.

It has been estimated that Jerusalem has been taken by invading hosts sixty-seven times.

The earliest written account of a siege is contained in stone tablets discovered recently in Tell-Amarna, in Egypt, in describing the distress of Abi Raiba, King of Jerusalem, at the coming of a desert horde.

The Hebrews, who brought the Jews to Egypt to send his scriptures and men, have his records show that the city was taken to the city of the Jews.

At the time of the fall of Jerusalem, the city was taken to the city of the Jews.

The city was taken to the city of the Jews.

The city was taken to the city of the Jews.

The city was taken to the city of the Jews.

which lasted 160 years. Then came the Roman, great Pompey himself, who, tho invited into the city was compelled to fight for the citadel on the high rock. In order to place his battering rams on a level with the temple fortifications to the north of the city he had great mounds in the valley which were persistently torn down by the Jews. He finally won because the inhabitants, true to their religion, would not work against him on the Sabbath day.

Herod, this Arabian, next fought for the possession of Jerusalem. By means of a siege and extensive fortifications he succeeded in improving the city with his qualifications for the vacant office of King of Judaea.

But Herod was not wanted, and, altho bearing the title of king, his kingdom refused for three years to admit him, and did only then because Herod, backed by Roman legions, was able to force his way into Jerusalem.

Herod Captures City.

With three immense battering rams erected on artificial mounds to the north of the city, the king finally, after forty days of bombardment, broke his way through the walls, and in the year 7 B. C. became actual monarch.

Herod won the title "The Great" because of his enormous building projects.

In the year 70, soon after Christ's crucifixion, the Romans, saying that the Jews would not be left upon the ruins of the city, completely destroyed the city. It was razed to the ground, after a siege of 131 days by the Romans, who were on the hills to the north of the city.

The Emperor was the immediate cause of the destruction, he determined that the city should be held out that the Jews should not be left upon the ruins of the city.

The city was taken to the city of the Jews.

The city was taken to the city of the Jews.

Hartford Republican.

Entered according to law at the Postoffice at Hartford, Conn., as second class matter of the second class.

ALLISON J. BARNETT, Editor.
W. S. TINSLEY, Business Manager.

Address all communications to
The Hartford Republican.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.

Business Locals and Notices 15c per line and 5c per line for each additional insertion.
Obituaries, Resolutions and Obituaries 10c per line, money in advance.
Church Notices for services free, but other advertisements, 5c per line.
Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

TELEPHONES.

Cambridge 123
Farmers' Mutual 55

FRIDAY, APRIL 20

Wild oats will not feed an army.

The German retreat shows more good common sense than military strategy.

Thanks, Editor Combs. If there are any charges we won't kick on the standard rate.

May 6th is Go-To-Sunday-School Day and Ohio county is making strenuous efforts to break all records for local attendance.

A man who would marry to evade military duty should not be granted a divorce in later years, nor should the woman in the case fare better.

The Chicago Journal says they are going to put the great actors and convicts in the first-line trenches to keep the Stars and Stripes in front. What we call a banner joke.

The spring drive of Ohio county candidates is on in full blast and there is very little prospect of peace for the voters until August 4. After a short armistice at that time the final offensive will be launched.

Don't forget that next Tuesday and Wednesday are clean-up days for Hartford. It is, weeds and filth must go says Mayor Her and a majority of local citizens. Make the town look good; lower the death rate and eradicate disease.

Ohio county has never shirked her part in America's battles of the past and she will not do so now. While we furnish men for the army our duty in the present crisis is largely an agricultural one. Not so much tobacco and more foodstuff is the advice of our Agricultural Department. With the plow and the hoe Ohio must assist the Nation in its answer to Germany's challenge to war.

MORE CORN.

Secretary Houston, of the Department of Agriculture, includes Ohio in the list of Kentucky counties that would serve the country in the crisis by making strenuous efforts to increase the corn yield this year. Ohio county land is suited to corn growing and farmers of the county would do well to heed the advice of Mr. Houston.

Tobacco paid well last year and it will likely be a profitable crop this year but as it looks now there will be no money lost by discarding that crop for foodstuff. Every man has his part to play in this war and that part can better be played by acting according to the desires of those at the head of the various departments at Washington. If Ohio can increase her corn yield no efforts should be spared in doing so.

CONSCRIPTION.

To see men rush to the colors and defense of their country because the country needs their services is a grand sight to behold and, when the President of the United States asks for volunteers to uphold the honor of the Nation every man in every State of military age should go forward. But will they do it? No. That is the trouble with the volunteer system. There is no certainty as to the number of men that can be raised by that method. Many men will feel it their duty to enlist who are in position to do more real good at home. Others, we might say, who have no excuse for not going to the front, will remain behind because they are "yellow."

The volunteers, when called for, are the elite of men of their ages. They would probably make better soldiers now but they would also make better citizens after the war. Many of them would go to the front under the draft system. Enough to stimulate these would not volunteer, but not all.

From whence comes the opposition to conscription? The President is strong for it; the War Department recommends it and the example of England urges its adoption. Does the opportunity come from the man

of military age who objects to merely taking his chance, with the others, at service? Is it the fathers and mothers of such men who object to their offspring taking an equal chance with other sons? If so there must be disappointment that the opposition in question is strong enough to create an audible noise.

The volunteer system was all right in the days of the flint lock and it would possibly answer now if only a few men were needed. We know not now, however, what duration or what proportions the war will assume. Let us stand, therefore, behind the President and the War Department in the policy of giving every man alike an opportunity to serve the Nation.

CANADA PLACES WHEAT ON THE FREE LIST

Ottawa, Ont., April 17.—The Government has placed wheat, wheat flour and semolina on the free list, thus opening United States markets to Canada and Canadian markets to these products.

Under the reciprocal clauses of the American tariff, the United States will admit free wheat and wheat products to any country which admits American wheat without duty. The Canadian tariff has heretofore prevented this privilege being availed of.

The action taken by the Canadian Government Monday removes the duty and automatically opens the markets of each country to the other.

The order is due to difficulty of export abroad owing to shortage of ocean tonnage and the fact that the British market has been virtually closed for Canada wheat of lower grade.

The duties removed are 10 cents a bushel and 45 cents a barrel on flour.

Prof. Ross Withdraws.

To the Republican voters of the county and those who have given me their support, thus far, in my race for the Republican nomination for Superintendent of Schools of Ohio county, I desire to give to each of you my sincerest thanks and express my deepest regrets that it is necessary for me to disappoint some perhaps, by my withdrawal from the contest. Owing to existing circumstances, it is impossible for me to continue in the race.

With best wishes for the success of the Republican party and the individual nominees in the coming election, I remain, Yours, for more efficient and better schools,

AARON T. ROSS.

FATHERLAND HAS NO LOVE FOR GEN. GOETHALS

Washington, April 14.—The administration's program for a fleet of wooden ships to transport supplies to the allies and thus defeat the German submarine campaign, will be put definitely under way Monday when the shipping board will form a \$50,000,000 corporation to build and operate the vessels.

The calling of General Goethals to head the work, it was explained to-night, had three reasons: His capacity, his German descent, as a testimonial to citizens of Teutonic ancestry, and because he is considered the one man in the United States most offensive to Germany. Germany, it has been said, has never forgiven the man who built the Panama canal after her experts said it could not be accomplished. Reluctant at first to leave the work of building a system of state highways in New Jersey, he was finally convinced the nation needed him.

2 MEN SURVIVE WITHOUT FOOD OR WATER 15 DAYS

Baltimore, April 17.—After being without food and water fifteen days, during which time they saw their five comrades die of thirst, one committing suicide in delirium, Emanuel Jannig, mate, and Herman Week, seaman of the British schooner Amittina, Captain Brathley, were brought to this port on a Norwegian steamer to-day and are in a hospital. Their bodies are covered with salt-water boils and it is not certain that they will recover.

The men said that the schooner left Brunswick, Ga., with timber for Plantwood, England, about March 10 and when eight days out the ship took fire and all took to the open sea. The boat capsized and the sailors were lost. The two men said that rats squalls gave them their only water and saved their lives. A few flying fish were greedily devoured. The rescue steamer now in port here from St. Thomas sighted the boat.

Sunday School To Entertain.

The ladies of class No. 14 of the Methodist S. S. will give an entertainment at the College Thursday evening April 26 at 8 p. m.

The program will consist of a short play by four girls and four boys. Reading, Music, and "Reminiscences of the Abolition Party." Admission 15 cents, children 10 cents.

SOUTH AMERICA BACKS UNCLE SAM

NONE OF LATIN AMERICAN RE-PUBLICS OPPOSE ACTION AGAINST GERMANY.

AID MAY MEAN MUCH

Could Put At Least One Million Men In The Field And Assist In Other Ways.

Washington, April 16.—Prompt endorsements from South America of the action of the United States in the action of the United States in war are the source of great gratification. There remained today but three countries—Ecuador, Venezuela and Colombia—which had not defined their positions and it was believed that before the end of the week they too, would respond.

With the exception of Costa Rica none of the Central American group had declared its attitude but no concern over where their sympathy will be placed has been felt at the state department.

So far Cuba is the only war spot in Latin-America, but the positions assumed by Panama and Costa Rica place them practically in the list of warring nations and almost no doubt remains that Brazil will be at war within a few days. The only governments that have not been frank in their endorsement of the step taken by the U. S. are Chile and Peru, the former confining itself to a formal declaration of neutrality and the latter to "deploring" the fact that the United States had been unable to adjust her difficulty with Germany without recourse to war.

Here's The Line-Up

Following is the way the other Latin-American nations whose positions are defined, were lined up today:

Cuba—Declared war against Germany.

Panama—Declared her readiness to assist in any way possible in the protection of the Panama canal.

Costa Rica—Offered her ports and other territorial waters to the U. S. for war needs of the American navy.

Brazil—Relations broken with Germany.

Bolivia—Relations broken with Germany.

Uruguay—Endorsed the action of the U. S. and characterized German submarine warfare as an "insult to humanity."

Paraguay—Expressed sympathy with the government of the U. S., "forced into war to rehabilitate the rights of neutrals."

Argentina—Endorsed the action of the U. S. as just and right.

Mexico—Neutral.

State department officials believe it possible that the government of Ecuador may consider itself bound to adopt a somewhat equivocal attitude because of a suggestion made several weeks ago that a conference of neutrals be held at Montevideo to study means for bringing the war to an end.

Guatemala's proclamation of martial law was still regarded here as a precautionary step taken by President Estrada Cabrera, preliminary to a break with Germany. It was believed that Honduras, Salvador and Nicaragua, the remaining uncommitted nations of Central America, are awaiting action by Guatemala and that they will announce their positions immediately after Guatemala speaks.

The United States has looked to Latin America for moral support more than for material assistance, but there has been no disposition to under rate the very material assistance that might be rendered if it became necessary. The total peace strength of Latin-America's armies is only 75,000 men, but the potential power is several times that and reports from the South American republics have indicated that no time will be lost in raising fighting forces to their full war strength.

For Dad's Benefit.

"Elsie, were you able to overtake the banana vender?" asked mother. "No, mother, he had turned the corner and was out of sight." "Then," resumed mother, raising her voice so it would be sure to reach the library where father was sitting, "I assume that your efforts were fruitless."

ASKS PROHIBITION AS WAR MEASURE

Washington, April 15.—A program of anti-liquor legislation as a war measure was announced tonight by the National Legislative Committee of the Anti-Saloon League. The various measures range from the barring of liquor from military camps to absolute prohibition, altho the committee states that power of the Federal Government to establish com-

plete prohibition "is problematical." "War conditions require a Nation to be at its best," said a statement issued by the committee tonight. "The experience of our allies proves intoxicating liquors not only injure the health, efficiency and endurance of the soldiers and sailors, but decreases the resources and the power of the people at home to furnish the needed supplies."

The proposed legislation would include: The prohibition of the sale of liquors at any station or camp used for training or mobilization of soldiers. The establishment of "dry zones" around training and mobilization camps.

Legislation to prohibit the use of grain and food material to manufacture intoxicating liquors as a means of food conservation.

A general prohibition bill, enacted as a war measure and based on the legislation power to provide for the common defense and general welfare.

All of these proposals are before Congress in various forms and the full influence of the "dry forces" will be exerted to force action upon them.

STRAY STREAKS.

(By Fluke McFluke.)

Every time I think of that dumptezeled, nuptiated garden out home I almost make up my mind to join the army and go to war.

There's nothing which brings forth the odor of moth balls and the popularity of left-over B. V. D's, like these last few warm days.

Why in the Sam Hill does your work pile up from three to five times as high when the fishing season opens up as it did during the off season?

Capt. Cox says every time he obligingly lets one of these hurry-up fellows take his turn in the chair at the barber shop, said man with the rush on, invariably gets his hair cut, face and neck shaved and a bath all over the top end, by gum.

And then I am reminded that I am so all-fired gun shy "I was once half shot, you know" that a whole squad would have to be detailed to keep me from charging, not in the face of fire but with my back toward said fire.

For each and every time you catch Hot Biley and John Glenn (Old Timer) without a can of worms on or about their persons there is a nice chroma due. Step fast there, gentlemen, and let the examinations proceed lively, there are others waiting.

Mack Fogle had measles for about two hours the other day. Mack dropt into a doctor's office with his coat off, fanning his overheated person with his stiff katy, for a test of his temperature. Imagine the Judge's surprise when the pill man told him that his blood was boiling at 2.5 of one degree below normal. Mack has been in good health since.

A lot of these brave fellows, whom the midget, cupid is riding into matrimony ahead of the recruiting officer, if they escape alimony, will be telling their grand-children about 25 years hence, had it not been for the fact that they had their dear old granddads to support, granddads would have been a veteran of the world war away back yonder, a quarter of a century ago.

Some doggon fool of a meddlesome fellow has gone and told my wife that if I joined the army I'll get \$15.00 per month and she'll be allowed \$15.00 for support, in my absence and if I don't show up after the war is over she will more than likely draw a pension to boot. Gee whiz, how I'd like to erect a little monument to the loving memory of this busy guy, on the spot where I have the pleasure of first meeting him.

Real "Sky Pilot."

Pittsburgh, April 13.—The Rev. Italian Presbyterian church of Vandergrift, Pa., to-day enlisted in the army aviation corps here. Two members of his congregation enlisted yesterday. The Rev. Mr. Jolotte, who was recently granted citizenship, is the son of an engineer officer of the Italian army.

A Flank Attack.

A company of very new soldiers were out on a wide loath, practicing the art of taking cover. The officer in charge of the men turned to one of the rawest of his men.

"Get down behind that billock there," he ordered, sternly, "and, mind, not a move or a sound!"

A few minutes later he looked around to see if they were all concealed, and, to his dismay, observed something wriggling behind the small mound. Even as he watched, the

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Notice.—Announcements for county offices published in this column until the Primary, \$5.00 in advance. District offices, \$2.50.

For Representative.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of L. L. EMBRY for the Republican nomination for Representative of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of DR. W. L. LAWLESS for the Republican nomination for Representative of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

For County Judge.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of MACK COOK for the Republican nomination for Judge of the Ohio County Court. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of R. R. WEDDING for the Republican nomination for Judge of the Ohio County Court. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of R. B. MARTIN for the Republican nomination for Judge of the Ohio County Court. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of J. A. BELLEAMY for the Republican nomination for Judge of the Ohio County Court. Subject to the Primary Election, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of SILAS L. STEVENS for the Republican nomination for Judge of the Ohio County Court. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of WINSON SMITH for the Republican nomination for Judge of the Ohio County Court. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

For County Attorney.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of A. D. KIRK for the Republican nomination for County Attorney of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

For County Court Clerk.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of W. C. BLANKENSHIP for the Republican nomination for County Court Clerk of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of M. F. CHUMLEY for the Republican nomination for County Court Clerk of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of L. H. CONBIT for the Republican nomination for County Court Clerk of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, August 4, 1917.

For Sheriff.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of G. A. RALPH for the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of S. A. BRATCHER for the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of G. P. JONES for the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of S. E. BENNETT for the Democratic nomination for Sheriff of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

For Superintendent.

Notice.—Women who are legally qualified, are entitled to vote for School Superintendent in both Primary and Final Election.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of E. S. HOWARD for the Republican nomination for Superintendent of Schools of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of MRS. L. S. MASON for the Republican nomination for Super-

tendent of Schools of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

For Jailer.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of M. C. SHROADER for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of J. W. DEVALLE for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of E. E. TINSLEY for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of S. A. LEE for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of J. T. WEDDING for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of CHARLEY JOHNSON for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of C. A. SMITH for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of WORTH TICHENOR for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of J. W. PERRY for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of P. M. BROWN for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

For Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of D. E. WARD for the Republican nomination for Assessor of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

For Magistrate.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of W. C. DAUGHERTY for the Republican nomination for Justice of Peace, Rosine Magisterial District. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of JAS. A. BOLLING for the Republican nomination for Justice of the Peace, Sulphur Springs District. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of E. W. JACKSON for the Republican nomination for Justice of the Peace, Beaver Dam District. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of M. B. CROWDER for the Republican nomination for Justice of the Peace, Rosine Magisterial District. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of W. S. DEAN for the Republican nomination for Justice of the Peace, Sulphur Springs Magisterial District. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of S. W. LEACH for the Republican nomination for Justice of the Peace, Beaver Dam Magisterial District. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of J. Y. HAGEMAN for the Democratic nomination for Justice of the Peace, Hartford Magisterial District. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, Aug. 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of J. H. DANIEL for the Republican nomination for Justice of the Peace, Bartlett's Magisterial District. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

ago of this commodity in Owensboro now. Several grocers are without any stocks at all. It is almost impossible to obtain a shipment of sugar for a week or more. Evansville, likewise, is experiencing the same shortage.

Flour advanced another half dollar Friday, making a total increase in the price of \$1.50 within seven days. It was stated last night by a prominent grocer that he expected the same advance within the next week. Fifteen dollars the barrel is an early probability. It is now selling at \$14 a barrel. Lard and other staple groceries are steadily mounting. It is not possible to get large stores of these, as grocers are not largely supplied themselves and will not sell in large quantities, preferring to give all of their customers equitable shares at the prevailing prices.—Owensboro Messenger.

READY-TO-WEAR!

MARQUETTE

Apparel for Women



In this **Marquette Poplin** suit—pace of lines, refinement of design, beauty of fabric, and charm of color—combine to make it a garment of rare quality.

And our showing of other **Marquette** suits in **Poplins, Serges, Jersey Cloths, Poire Twills, Velours, Gabardines, Checks and Mixtures**—permits you to satisfy your every requirement of taste and becoming style.

The predominating shades are pastel—such as **Gold, Champagne, Apple Green, Mustard, Burgundy, Rose and Lavender.**

Every **Marquette** suit is an exclusive model—and many of the fabrics are so scarce that we urge you to come make an early selection.

Wearing a **Marquette** Suit, you're assured that you are fashionably well-dressed.

A Complete Line of Waists

in Tub Silk, Pongee, Crepe de Chine, Georgetowne Crepe, at prices ranging from \$1 to \$6.

Millinery Department!

Never a day passes but what we are receiving new goods in this department.

We Can Dress You

from head to foot at a most reasonable price. A visit to our store will convince you of the above assertion. **WE INVITE YOU.**

Ponder Well

before you send that order to a mail-order house. Be fair to your home merchant. They help you when help is needed. Also remember that it pays to trade with a house that saves you money.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

Supt. Ozma Shultz went to Utica today to act as one of the Judges in a debate between students of the Utica and Owensboro High Schools.

For Sale.—Single Comh White Lohorn Eggs for Hatching 4 cents each.

MRS. ROBERT E. LEE,
3914p.
Olaton, Ky., R. 1

Bargain in Plows.—We are offering bargains in Plows—Plows at closing-out prices.

S. L. KING & CO.,
Hartford, Ky.

Need a Cook Stove? If so, you know where to go to get it. Ask those who use our stoves.

ACTON BROS.,
Hartford, Ky.

Take your eggs to S. L. King & Co. Of all the prices you see in the papers they will pay the highest, in trade or cash, Friday and Saturday.

S. L. KING & CO.

Mr. Ira D. Bean, traveling salesman for Samuels & Sons, of New York, left this week for points in Kentucky, Tennessee, Oklahoma and Texas.

Acton Brothers will pay for Eggs to-day and tomorrow 32c in trade and 30c cash. In case the market advances they will pay more in proportion.

Don't fail to attend the Methodist Ladies' entertainment at the College Thursday evening, April 26. An evening of wholesome fun is promised.

You may procure either the B. A. Thomas Improved Stock & Poultry or Union Stock & Poultry Remedies from W. E. Ellis & Bro., the reliable produce men.

Deputy Sheriff Roy F. Keown and family are at the bed side of Ellis Keown, who is very ill of rheumatic trouble at the home of Mr. W. T. Keown, near Fordsville.

Mr. W. H. Hines and family will leave today for Akron, Ohio, where the former has a position. The many friends of this family here regret very much their departure.

HARNESS—Everything necessary for fitting up your team for the plow or wagon. Get our prices before buying Harness.

ACTON BROS.,
Hartford, Ky.

State Agent of boys Agricultural Clubs Kercher, Lexington; Editor W. H. Coombs and County Agent W. W. Browder attended the agricultural meeting at Chapman's school house yesterday afternoon.

Mr. J. H. Wallace, of Sulphur Springs, was here on business Wednesday. Mr. Wallace was a stockholder in the Republican when originally organized, and has ever since been a subscriber.

The Ohio County Farmers' Mutual Telephone Company has bought a building in McHenry from Fred Cooper to be used as an exchange building. Q. B. Brown and J. P. Austin, president and secretary of the company, were in Hartford Monday where the deal was closed.

Restaurant For Sale.—Having been offered a position which I feel justified in accepting I will sell my Main street restaurant business, in the town of Hartford at a reasonable price. High class trade and good stock. For further particulars call on or write L. T. RILEY, Hartford, Ky.

The law firm of Woodward & Kirk moved to new offices in the Cumberland Telephone building this week. Several rooms on the second floor, excellently equipped, are occupied by the firm. The rooms over Williams' Drug Store were given up because the Cumberland building is nearer the court house.

Mrs. A. L. Martin found a one-half cent piece in the back yard of her home of Route 2 recently that was minted in 1829. No half-cent has been made by the government for many years and the coin is attracting considerable interest. It is about twice as large as the modern penny and at the ripe age of 88 years is remarkably well preserved.

The revival being conducted at the First Christian church under the leadership of Pastor S. E. Harlan, Evangelist Miley and Song Evangelist Arnold will close Sunday night. Large crowds have attended the services and much interest has been shown. Good solid sermons by Rev. Miley, and impressive singing by Rev. Arnold have featured.

Farming Implements.—We handle the Celebrated Vulcan Chilled and Blue Bird Plows, Corn Planters, Disc Harrows, Cultivators, Mowing Machines, Hay Rakes and various other farming tools. We also handle the Weber Wagon. Plow time will soon be here, see our line before buying.

W. E. ELLIS & BRO.,
Hartford, Ky.

Mr. Raymer W. Tinsley, former Hartford boy now instructor of modern languages in the University of Mississippi, has been appointed commandant for the cadet corps formed by the Mississippi students. Mr. Tinsley received his military training as a member of Company H and at the University of Kentucky. It is probable that he will be commissioned by the War Department.

A new candidate for the Republican nomination for Representative of Ohio county, in the person of Dr. W. L. Lawless, of Narrows, enters the field this week. He is well qualified for this important position and states that he is in the race to win. Dr. Lawless has been a faithful worker for the success of the party he now seeks to nominate him. His announcement appears in the announcement column this week.

The following out-of-town friends and relatives attended the funeral funeral and burial of Mrs. J. W. Ford yesterday: Mr. and Mrs. I. P. Barnard, Louisville; Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Bardwell, Taylor Mines; Mr. and Mrs. Howan Cox, Livermore; Mrs. Shultz, Pleasant Ridge; Mrs. J. O. McKenney, Taylor Mines; Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Charlet, Livermore; Mr. and Mrs. Louis Charlet, Livermore; Mr. John Howan and mother, Livermore. Mrs. Geo. P. Bridges and son, Dr. J. P. Bridges, of Missouri, will arrive today.

MARRIAGE LICENSE ISSUED
SINCE OUR LAST REPORT

Lloyd Clark, Select, to Floy D. Ranney, Select.
Clarence Riddle, Buford, to Apollonia Whitaker, Beda.
Marion Park, Hartford, R. 5, to Jean Baird, Hartford, R. 5.
Odie E. Smith, Bells Run, to Laura May Jeffries, Bells Run.
Herbert H. Roe, Nelson, to Amy Cox, Nelson.
Stani Lamb, Dundee, to Ida Myrtle Tifford, Dundee.

ELLIS MILLING COMPANY'S
ATTRACTIVE FLOUR PRICES

For this week only the Ellis Milling Company offers Eureka Flour at the following prices:
6-lbs. \$.45
12-lbs.85
24-lbs. 1.00
48-lbs. 3.15
96-lbs. 6.25
1 barrel 12.50
ELLIS MILLING CO.,
Hartford, Ky.

Eggs For Hatching.

S. C. Black Minorcas, Northrop strain—the big kind, White Wyandottes, Duston strain—the stay white kind. Eggs from either or both breeds for quick sale \$1.00 per 15, \$3.00 per 50. 25 per cent off after May 10th. The best matings cocks and hens not related. Good weighers and winterlayers.

L. T. BARNARD,
Hartford, Ky., R. 4.

Take Over Appam.

New York, April 17.—A detachment of British officers and an English crew arrived here to-day from England to take over the steamship Appam, the vessel brought into Hampton Roads as a German prize on February 1, 1916, by Lieut. Berg. The Appam was recently ordered returned to her owners, the Elder Dempster Line, after the United States Supreme Court had decided her status.

There also arrived here to-day several survivors from the British steamships Lincolnshire and Crispin, both of which were torpedoed and sunk off the British coast on March 29.

Survivors of the Lincolnshire said no lives were lost aboard that vessel but on the Crispin five men were sealed to death. One of them was an American coal passer whose name was unknown to those who escaped.

Fine Boar for Sale.

One fine Duroc Boar nine months old Reg. No. 80,805, for immediate sale. No better Boar to be found anywhere.

DR. E. P. ROGERS,
Fordsville, Ky.

LETTER FROM FORMER
OHIO COUNTESS RECEIVED

Sumner, Neb., Apr. 15, 1917.
Hartford Republican, Hartford, Ky. Gentlemen:—Please find enclosed check for \$3.00 for subscription to The Republican. We are always glad to get the home paper. This is Sunday, April 15, and a big snow on the ground. Not much farming done yet. Winter wheat all dead. Everything awfully high. Wheat \$2.48 per bushel, corn \$1.45, oats 70c, hogs \$16 per hundred, cattle \$12.25, sheep \$15.50, horses and mules are also high.

If you will ship out a car load of potatoes you can get money enough for them to start a National bank.

Yours Respectfully,
ED. AUSTIN.

Farm For Sale or Rent.

Two room house with hall, barn, about sixty fruit trees, situated between Select and Cromwell on public road. Known as the Tom Hutton farm.—60 acres, price \$275.00.

E. W. JACKSON,
Heaver Dam, Ky.

The **Carson & Co.** of Housekeepers is especially directed to our splendid line of

Rugs and Draperies for Springtime

Light, airy Draperies and Curtains and Rugs of beautiful design and colorings abound in our spring stock.

Lace Curtains from \$1.00 to \$2.50 per pair in white and ecru.

In our Serim line we have prices ranging from 10c to 25c per yard.

Also have Curtain Stretchers at \$1.50.

Matings Rugs, size 9x12, at \$3.50 each.

Grass, Ronoco Rugs, size 9x12, at \$8.50.

Tapestry Rugs, size 9x12, from \$12.50 to \$17.50.

Axminster Rugs, size 9x12, at \$22.50 to \$25.00.

Small rugs to match these in different sizes and prices.

See our line of Matings for spring, from 15c to 35c per yard.

Come in and inspect our line before buying elsewhere. A call will be appreciated.

Carson & Co.
INCORPORATED

Hartford, Ky.

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY APRIL 20

L. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.
No. 113 due at Ellimitch 8:32 p. m.
No. 110 due at Ellimitch 7:30 a. m.
No. 112 Lv. Ellimitch ... 3:40 p. m.
Ar. Irvington ... 5:35 p. m.
Lv. Irvington ... 5:56 p. m.
Ar. Louisville ... 7:40 p. m.
No. 111 Lv. Louisville ... 8:35 a. m.
Ar. Irvington ... 10:06 a. m.
Lv. Irvington ... 10:40 a. m.
Ar. Ellimitch ... 1:04 p. m.

M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.
South Bound, No. 115—
Due at Hartford 8:45 a. m.
North Bound, No. 114—
Due at Hartford 5:55 p. m.
(Both "Mixed Trains.")

Personal News

and Social Events.

See Eek Ital for Garden Breaking and light hauling. 371f

Frost proof Cabbage Plants for sale at Her's Grocery.

Mr. J. C. Riley made a business trip to Louisville Wednesday.

Follow Ohio county politics by subscribing for The Republican.

Judge J. W. Henson, of Henderson, was in Hartford last Saturday.

Col. H. P. Taylor went to Louisville Monday returning Wednesday.

Top prices paid for Eggs Friday and Saturday.

S. L. KING & CO.

Mr. J. I. Goodman visited his family in Owensboro Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. A. C. Porter has returned from a visit to relatives in Owensboro.

Farming Tools for sale. See W. H. PARKS, Ohio County Bottling Works.

Just received a large shipment of flour. See Her before buying elsewhere.

Judge W. H. Barnes was in Louisville first of this week on legal business.

Mrs. Jno. P. Taylor, of Memphis, Tenn., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Taylor.

Jones' Fertilizers—the old reliable brand—for sale by W. E. Ellis & Bro.

Mr. T. H. Barnard, cashier of the Island Deposit Bank, was in Hartford last week.

Hillside Plows, Oliver Chills points and jointers for sale by W. E. Ellis & Brother.

Go to W. E. Ellis & Bro. for Jones' Fertilizer—the kind that produces results.

Mrs. Laura Berry qualified as guardian of Mayme, Elizabeth and E. W. Berry on April 12th.

Judge W. G. Newton, of Livermore, was here yesterday and Wednesday on legal business.

Mrs. W. J. Fuqua returned to Greenville Tuesday after a visit with her sister, Mrs. W. W. Riley.

Loose Garden Seed—absolutely pure and guaranteed in every respect. H. E. RILEY, Hartford.

For Sale—I have a Simmons Ice Box that can be had for a reasonable price. H. E. MISCHKE, Hartford.

A. N. Fulton was appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of A. Fulton, deceased, on the 17th.

Groceries, Queensware, Granite-ware and Furniture. Live and let live prices. ACTON BROS.,
Hartford, Ky.

GARDEN TOOLS—Hoes, Rakes, Forks, Spades. Full line—prices right. ACTON BROS.,
Hartford, Ky.

Planting time is now at hand. We have a full line of Loose, Garden Seed—pure and clean.

ELER'S, Hartford.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Gray, of St. Johns, Kansas, arrived yesterday for a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Taylor.

Mr. P. H. Hood, who has made his home with his son-in-law, Mr. G. A. Duvie, for several months, has moved to Livermore.

Miss Sallie Lindley, after spending a week at home on account of illness which was mistaken for measles, is back in school again.

Today and tomorrow Her's Grocery will pay 31c cash for eggs, 33c in trade. 30c will be paid by the same firm for butter.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Rogers and daughter have returned to Pikeville after a visit to relatives in Hartford and other points in the county.

Fine Feathers—Introduce fine feathers into your poultry flock by buying at least a setting of eggs from the famous E. P. Thompson, N. Y. Ringlet Barred Rockstrahl, from J. C. Her, Hartford, Ky. \$2 per 15.

STRIKING SENTENCES IN LLOYD GEORGE'S SPEECH

London, April 13.—Striking extracts from Lloyd George's speech to Americans in London are here set forth:
"The United States of America, of a noble tradition, never broken, never has engaged in a war except of liberty. This is the greatest struggle for liberty that it has ever embarked upon."

"Prussia not merely is not a democracy; Prussia was not a state; Prussia was an army. The army was the spear point of Prussia—the rest was the gilded haft."

"The most characteristic of all Prussian institutions is the Hindenburg line. It is a line drawn on territories of other people, warning them that the inhabitants of those territories shall not cross it at peril of their lives."

"The Hindenburg line was drawn along the shores of America and Americans were told they must not cross it. And America said: 'What is this? The place for that line is not the Atlantic but the Rhine, and we mean to roll it up,' and they have started."

"The road to victory, the guarantee of victory, the absolute assurance of victory has to be found in one word, ships, and a second word, ships, and a third word, ships. With that keenness which characterizes your nation, I see you already realize it and have already made arrangements to build ships by the thousand."

"It was a bad day for the military autocracy in Prussia when it challenged the great republic of the West."

"Today we are waging one of the most devastating wars that the world has ever seen. Tomorrow, perhaps, not distant tomorrow, war may be abolished from the category of human crimes."

MINERS' WAGES GO
UP 20 PER CENT

New York, April 17.—A tentative agreement to advance the wages of 225,000 miners in the bituminous coal fields of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Western Pennsylvania by about 20 per cent at the expiration of the

present contract, was reached to-day by a subcommittee consisting of operators and employees from the four States.

The operators' and the miners' delegates, in conference here, must ratify the committee's agreement before it becomes effective.

The existing contract will expire on March 31, 1918. The increases proposed range from about 60 cents a day for mine workers inside and outside the mines to 33 cents a day for trapper boys.

The tentative agreement was reached after Illinois operators, who had dissented from the proposition, finally, after a caucus, sent representatives to the subcommittee.

The agreement was to go before the full conference this afternoon, and it was generally expected that it would be ratified.

POULTRY POOLERS NOTICE.

The Ohio county poultry is turned back on the county poultry committee to sell and completely control as it was handled in the beginning, so all those who wish to pool and sell their poultry collectively will please report the amount to be sold at once, so we may have a complete report by May 15th, as the sale will be made for delivery between the 15th and the last of May. Don't fail to report as the committee cannot make an intelligent sale without this report.

H. L. TAYLOR,
HENRY M. PIRTLE,
Committee.

France Dalton Dies.

Mr. France Dalton, an aged citizen, died at his home near Askins, on Tuesday. His remains were buried at Pleasant Grove on the 18th.

"CLEAN-UP" PROCLAMATION.

If "cleanliness is next to Godliness," and no one hardly disputes it, then we want to show our visiting friends and neighbors that we are living right by cleaning up our back yards, back lots, etc., and as there is always a designated time set apart as clean-up days, I as Mayor of the city of Hartford, do hereby specify and designate April 24 and 25, 1917, as clean-up and paint-up days in our little city. It is hoped that everybody will do their part toward cleaning up the town.

J. C. HER, Mayor.

SAY U. S. FORCES FAR BELOW FOE'S

ARMY EXPERTS COMPARE 1898
CONFLICT WITH WAR
OF TODAY.

New York, April 14.—When the military strength of Germany and Spain are compared, it is evident our present army today is less able to meet the former nation's than our little body of 25,706 enlisted men and 2,116 officers was to face the latter's troops in 1898.

Recruiting has been going on, especially since the break in diplomatic relations between the United States and Germany, but the last published figures of the personnel of the regular army are approximately correct under existing conditions, and these show that the military force comprises about 7,000 officers and 104,000 or 105,000 enlisted men.

Regular army officers think the United States is better off today than when it declared war on Spain, because we have as a first line of defense the strong British fleet and the British and French lines stretching across France and Belgium from the channel to Switzerland. But that is the only way we are better off. We have a numerically larger army, they say; we have a system for enlisting a volunteer force which is free from the defects that marked the system employed in the Civil War. We have the Officers' Reserve Corps, and we have the probability, some believe even the assurance, of universal military training for the country. But we are opposed to a nation which is so much better prepared than Spain was that our own advances are discounted two and three times over.

Regular army officers say it would be at least a year before the beneficial effects of universal military service could be felt. No announcement has been made of the number of men commissioned in the Officers' Reserve Corps, but it has been stated that the number preparing for examination for such commissions exceeds 5,000, but if all were commissioned they would create a force capable of officering no more than an additional 100,000 men.

But they are forced to admit that, compared to the situation which would have confronted us had we had Germany to fight in 1898, the United States is in far better position today. Then there was a rush of volunteers, as there has always been whenever the United States has called them, and, as army men concede, there undoubtedly will be when the call is issued now, but they came in command of their own officers, appointed by the Governors of their States, and previous service or knowledge of things military has been no requisite to the obtaining of a commission.

Now the law of April 25, 1914, has changed all this. All officers are to be appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. Governors may suggest candidates for commission, but the President will determine to whom commissions shall go. Nor need he, as in the past, commission an officer for a certain regiment. Instead commissions will name a man as an officer of the New York or New Jersey Massachusetts volunteer infantry, and he may be assigned to whatever regiment is most in need of his services. Provision has been made in this law also for the maintenance of a recruiting force at home, a device which will remedy a defect, startlingly disclosed in the Civil War. Then veteran regiments were permitted to fall to as low as a few hundred, or even one hundred men, and complete regiments of green men were sent to the front to relieve them when there came need for more men.

Farm For Sale.

A 160 acre farm 4 miles east of Hartford, on the border of the oil fields. Good dwelling, barn and other necessary outbuildings. Young orchard, strawberry bed and other pleasing features. If you carry inter-county sent pike w. l. be near. See, or write Tinsley & Barnett, Hartford, Ky., for further particulars.

Figures Tell Fibs.

Now that the warring nations are struggling to feed their people, much is being written concerning the enormous yields of grain made by the German farmers. Figures are frequently given to show that Germany's production in grain per acre is about twice that of the United States. Figures often tell fibs. While the yield of wheat, rye, oats and barley in Germany is about double that in America, corn is not mentioned at all. Corn is king in America. In other words while Germany does produce a very heavy yield per acre of wheat and other cereals, the United States gets as much or even greater feeding value from an acre of corn.

The reader should learn the reason for relatively larger grain yields in

Germany and other European countries than in America. In Europe farming lands are high priced while labor is cheap. In American lands are cheap while labor is very high priced. The nation that possesses cheap land and high-priced labor always grows smaller crops than those where land is high and labor cheap. To carry this comparison farther it is only necessary to mention the fact that in Japan fine farming land sells for fabulous sums while labor is worth only a few cents per day. Under these conditions the above rule holds good. The crops are relatively larger than those grown in Europe. Figures tell fibs.—Farm and Family.

NOTICE.

We again call the attention of our readers to the fact that The Republican will publish no communications unless signed by the author. Few weeks pass that anonymous articles are not received and it is not our desire to hurl newsy items into the waste basket. This anonymous communication rule is stated each week at the head of the editorial column and must be adhered to. Requests that names be omitted from print are complied with, but the manuscript must bear the writers' signature.

THE EDITOR.

FOOD PRODUCTION ARMY.

Enlistment of Great Body of Men and Boys Approved.

Washington, April 13.—Proposals for an enlistment of an army of 2,000,000 men and boys for agricultural service and other drastic steps to increase food production during the war were given enthusiastic encouragement at the Department of Agriculture today. Secretary Houston ordered wide publicity given to resolutions adopted at the recent St. Louis conference of agriculture experts looking to production of greater crops as an emergency measure. They recommended that Congress appropriate \$25,000,000 for use by the Secretary of Agriculture in such a campaign.

It is recommended that boys under military age and men beyond the age and those physically disqualified should be enrolled in the national army for labor in production of food, munitions and supplies. Other recommendations are for creation of an agricultural body under the Council of National Defense to supervise agricultural matters, and for the vesting of wide authority in the Secretary of Agriculture to regulate and standardize food production and distribution.

New Lincoln Story.

Abraham Lincoln, as everybody knows, was long and lanky; Stephen A. Douglas was short and chubby. Their presence together at a county seat on one occasion gave the other lawyers, in an idle hour, an opportunity to chaff them indirectly. Thus, the conversation was turned to the question of harmonious physical proportions. Some, having Douglas in view, contented for short legs; others, meaning to draw Lincoln out, contented for long legs. Neither of the intended "butts" took part in the discussion, until one of the jokers turned to Lincoln and said: "Now, Abe, what is your opinion of the proper length of a man's legs?" "My opinion," drawled out the lanky lawyer, "is that, to be just about right, a man's legs should be long enough to reach the ground." There are, of course, many versions of this story, but it is the way one of Lincoln's partners, Leonard Swann, used to tell it.—Christian Science Monitor.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears
the
Signature of *Chas. H. Watson*

Couldn't Get at It.

An Irishman in a town in the South was careless enough to let his priest catch him emerging from a saloon with a demijohn under his arm. The priest waited for him to come by and said:

"Mike, what is it you have in that demijohn?"
"Whiskey, sir."
"To whom does it belong?"
"To me and me brother, Pat, sir."
"Well, Mike, pour yours out, and be a good man."
"I can't, Father," said Mike, "mine's on the bottom."—N. Y. Times.

EVANSVILLE WOMAN WANTS TO DRIVE MOTOR TRUCK

Evansville, Ind., April 14.—Miss Marie Messick, daughter of Albert R. Messick, Republican nominee for Mayor of Evansville, has announced her intention of offering her services to the Government to drive a supply truck. She says she can serve in this capacity without taking lessons. She is one of Evansville's most expert women motorists and mechanics.

PROGRESSIVES OUST PARTY COMMITTEE

NEW BODY HEADED BY VICTOR
MURDOCK, CHOSEN BY CON-
VENTION.

S. Louis, April 16.—The Progressive National Convention today ousted the National Committee that last summer endorsed Charles E. Hughes, the Republican nominee for President and named a new National Committee to carry out the plans for amalgamating with the Prohibition party.

Plans for this amalgamation were approved this afternoon by the convention. Victor Murdock, of Wichita, Kan., who presided over the Progressive National Convention in Chicago last June, was elected chairman of the Executive Committee of the party; and Matthew Hale, of Boston, was elected national chairman. Other officers chosen were F. H. Chase, New York, national secretary; J. A. Hopkins, of New Jersey, national treasurer.

The Executive Committee is composed of Victor Murdock, John M. Parker, of Louisiana; D. H. Carroll, North Dakota; F. M. Ingersoll, Idaho; John Taylor, New York; Albert D. Norton, Missouri; and C. D. McClure, Georgia.

Mr. Parker attacked the Socialists for their attitude in the war with Germany. He said he would wait back to Louisiana before he would vote to amalgamate the Progressive party with the Socialists.

Mr. Parker spoke in favor of universal military training, saying that it would develop American young men physically and would break down class distinction.

The members of the National Committee include:

Alabama, George S. Ohear, Birmingham; Connecticut, Luther H. Perchman, Hartford; Delaware, Robert G. Houston, Georgetown; Florida, W. H. Anderson, Jacksonville; Georgia, C. D. McClure, Atlanta; Indiana, Bert Essex, Indianapolis; Kentucky, Barton Vance, Louisville; Louisiana, W. H. Price, Thibodaux; Maine, Frank H. Hasker, Portland; Maryland, R. L. Stevens, Baltimore; Massachusetts, Matthew Hale, Boston; Michigan, Charles F. Hoffman, Jackson; Mississippi, R. E. Fridje, Ellisville; New Hampshire, F. H. Musgrove, Havana; New Jersey, J. H. Horvot, Atlantic City; New York, J. R. Taylor, New York; North Carolina, N. C. Brown, Hillsboro; Ohio, J. M. McMurray, Marion; Tennessee, J. C. Ramsey, Cleveland; Vermont, W. H. Nicholas, Bennington; Virginia, R. R. Fairfax, Roanoke; West Virginia, Charles N. Kimball, Sistersville.

GERMANS NOT TO INTERN AMERICANS LIVING THERE

Berlin, April 14.—There will be no internment of Americans in Germany. After a conference between the political and military authorities to-night it was announced that the German government would treat Americans here on virtually the same lines as laid down in President Wilson's proclamation concerning the treatment of Germans in the United States. The Americans here will have almost every freedom and so far have enjoyed the same freedom as is accorded to nationals except they are not allowed to reside in fortified places and they are subject to stricter police registration requirements. They may carry on their businesses as before.

FOUR INDICTED FOR HACKING WAR PROFIT

El Paso, Tex., April 13.—Indictments were returned today in the United States District Court against Mrs. Amelia Toennigs, Clarence Toennigs, Josephine Toennigs, her son and daughter, and Henry Brauch, all Germans, charging them with "conspiracy to levy war against the United States by inducing and instigating Mexican military commanders to invade the United States from Mexico."

A Patriotic Town.

Globe, Ariz., April 14.—An American flag must fly from every business house, store front and vehicle in Globe as a result of an ordinance passed by the City Council last night. A fine of \$200 or two hundred days in jail is to be the penalty for the first offense against the ordinance. Business concerns will lose their city license for the second offense according to the ordinance.

MEN WITH MINOR PHYSICAL DEFECTS TO BE ACCEPTED

Chicago, April 14.—Enlistment in the naval reserves of men who by reason of minor physical defects are rejected for service at sea, is permitted by an order issued today by Captain W. A. Moffett, commandant at the Great Lakes Naval Training

Men over age or physically defective will be accepted. In Moffett announced, for recruiting stations and on naval militia ships, releasing sixteen to be sent to the coast. Another contingent of 1,000 men from the Great Lakes station Tuesday to join the sea in active duty, it was announced today.

Mothers use Frey's Vermifuge For their Children

A safe, well-fashioned remedy for worms.

Seventy-five years continuous use in the best testimonials FREY'S VERMIFUGE can offer you.

Keep a bottle always on hand. It will help keep the little ones happy and healthy.

25c. a bottle at your druggist's or general store, or if your druggist can't supply you, send in name and 25c. in stamps and we'll send you a bottle promptly.

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OWENSBORO, KY.

Real Estate!

FARM LANDS and City Residences are now selling at a low cost, but don't expect it to be so always. If you ever expect to own your farm or your home now is the time to buy.

WE HAVE several farms listed in Ohio county and they can be had for reasonable prices and liberal terms. If we do not have the particular farm you desire we will make efforts to get it for you.

IF YOU want to move to Hartford where our children will have the advantage of a good high school notify us. We have houses and lots for sale and believe you can select one from our list to your liking.

WE HAVE a comfortable home in Hartford, modern improvements and a good garden in cultivation for sale or rent. Place rents for \$10 a month.

Call on or address

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Real Estate Agents,
Hartford, Kentucky.
Republican Office.
Both Phones.

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The Powhatan is refined, exclusive, and restful. Its excellent location on Pennsylvania Avenue, 12th and 11 Streets, makes it a desirable headquarters for hotel guests, tourist parties, conventions, schools and colleges.

The Powhatan attracts the people of culture and education. Its proximity to State, War and Navy Departments, also to many points of local and international interest, makes this hotel especially attractive to a discriminating public.

The Powhatan offers rooms with detached bath at \$15.00, \$20.00 and up. Rooms with private bath, \$25.00, \$30.00 and up.

Write for booklet with a plan.

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Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and germicidal power. Sample Free. See all druggists, or ordered by mail. The Paxtine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

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HARTFORD, KY.

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O.E. TAYLOR, C.E.

Beaver Dam, Ky.
Highway and Drainage Design.

DR. O. E. HART

VETERINARY
SURGEON
BEAVER DAM, KY.

Office James Taylor's Livery Barn.

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If you take the Dragon Dragon Training, the training that business men follow. You can take it at college or by mail. Write today DRAGON'S PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, Poughkeepsie, N.Y.

Wagons! Wagons! Wagons!

Before you buy you should examine our hand made farm wagons. They run lighter, are made of the very best material and last far longer than any machine made wagon you can buy no matter what price you pay.

We also do all kinds of Blacksmithing and Repairing, especially the hard jobs the other fellow can't do.

We also make a specialty of Horseshoeing and earnestly solicit your patronage in this line.

Respectfully yours,

A. B. Row & Son
Centertown, Ky.

Thirty-five years experience in the shop.

JEWS WILL RETURN TO NATIVE COUNTRY

PERSECUTION VANISHES WHEN REVOLUTION IS SUCCESSFUL IN RUSSIA.

New York, April 14.—Now that the gates of freedom have opened in Russia, the Jews whom czarism drove into exile will return to their native land to spread the freedom they learned in the United States.

For the Jew is the original republican and republicanism of the United States is the nearest approach to the ideals of the prophets of Israel ever incorporated in a state.

The reign of terror in Russia began upon the enactment of the May laws (1882) which placed 6,000,000 Russian Jews under untold hardships and restrictions.

A Pole could travel through the empire; a Finn could do business; a Ukrainian secure education. But Russian law barred Jewish children from public schools, and sick Jews from hospitals; denied Jewish youth admittance to the professions; forbade Jewish families to live outside the pest-breeding ghettos or travel from town to town.

Defenseless Are Slain.

Organized massacres shed the blood of old men, defenseless women and little children.

When the chief of the holy synod was asked what he hoped to effect by this bloodcurdling policy, he said: "One-third of the Jews will be converted, one-third will be sacrificed, and one-third will be driven into exile. In that way the Jewish question in Russia will be solved."

Just so did the Sultan seek to solve the Armenian question.

The third who were driven into exile became apostles of Russian freedom. The tales of horror they spread abroad prepared the world for revolution in Russia.

In the United States the Jew from Russia found a land of promise, free schools for his children, industrial and professional openings for his grown sons and daughters, a home wherever he chose to live.

Now the Jew is able and anxious to repay America. By tens of thousands he is going back to Russia to show the biggest country on earth how Russia needs the United States. Russia, covering one-sixth of the earth's surface and populated by 185,000,000 people, awaits development. The mines of Golcon were not so rich as the unworked Urals. The vast agricultural governments demand farming machinery. The Empire three times as large as the United States has only 34,000 miles of railroad.

There is incalculable work to be done, armies of still leaderless laborers waiting to do it, and enormous bank deposits on which to draw. For vodkaless Russia is steadily growing rich. In the twelve years, 1905-1917, bank deposits increased eight billion roubles (\$4,000,000,000).

To Ask U. S. Aid.

Here lies the first opportunity of the Russo-American Jew. They came to America exiled apostles of Russian freedom. They will repay America for her shelter by returning to spread American ideals, customs and trade through new Russia.

Already it's said new Russia's railways on the Siberian Railroad, and Paul Minkoff, "The American," will probably ask Americans to take over its control and reorganization.

Such a policy foreshadows two groups of self-governing United States stretching from Sandy Hook to Warsaw nearly two-thirds around the world. It calls for a small army of English-speaking Russians trained to American ways of thinking and working. It would be an opportunity for spreading American standards and trade by the unforgetting Jew.

Clear Your Skin in Spring.

Spring hours cleaning means cleaning inside and outside. Dull pimply skin is an aftermath of winter inactivity. Push your intestines with a mild laxative and clean out the accumulated wastes, easy to take, they do not gripe. Dr. King's New Life Pills will clear your complexion and brighten your eyes. Try Dr. King's New Life Pills to-night and throw off the sluggish winter shell. At druggists, 25c.

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All Petrograd, in fact, turned out to welcome the "grandmother of the revolution" on her homecoming from Siberia, where she had spent forty-four of her seventy-three years in

A vast crowd, waving red and singing the Marsellaise, exulted down the west end of the Prospekt as far as the railway station. When the Associated Press correspondent reached the crowd trying to enter the station, to which were admitted only veteran Nihilists and a delegation from the Ministry of Justice headed by Minister of Justice Kerensky together with delegations of welcome from Petrograd, Moscow and Doopat universities and high schools.

At the suggestion of M. Kerensky the reception committee adopted a plan unique in Russian history for the welcoming of Madame Herskowskaya—a plan symbolizing Russia's transition from autocracy to democracy. The welcome took place in the gorgeous suite in the railway station called the Imperial reception rooms, which under the old regime were used only for the reception of royal personages. The large drawing room in the suite which had been the scene of meetings of the world's last powerful monarchs, was now the gathering place of the world's most extreme democratic republicans and socialists. Around the room were scores of baskets and wreaths of flowers, the scarlet tulip predominating—a flower which bids fair to become the floral emblem of the New Russia. The flower bore various inscriptions, such as "To our dear grandmother," "To Russia's Martyr Herdine."

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTOR OIL

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Ohio Circuit Court.

W. D. Newton, Plaintiff,

vs.—Notice of Sale

H. F. Hobbs, Defendant.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court entered at its November term, 1916, in the above styled action, for the purpose of paying a judgment debt in favor of W. D. Newton against H. F. Hobbs and the cost of this sale, I will offer for sale at public outcry at the court hall in Fordville, Ky., on Saturday, April 21st, 1917, at about the hour of one o'clock p. m., upon a credit of 3 and 6 months, the following described personal property, to-wit:

One bay mare mule 14½ hands high, about 17 years old, named Beck one gray mare mule, about 11½ hands high, about 15 years old, named Kit.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond with good and sufficient security, immediately after sale, for the purchase price thereof.

OTTO C. MARTIN,

Master Commissioner.

M. L. Heaven, Attorney.

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Ohio Circuit Court.

T. H. Black, et al., Plaintiffs,

vs.—Notice of Sale.

Wesley Manzy, et al., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court rendered at its March term, 1917, in the above styled action, for the purpose of paying the judgment debt of T. H. Black and E. E. Birkhead, in the sum of \$65.00, and the judgment debt of H. T. Crowder of \$6.50, and for the purpose of paying the cost of the above styled action and the cost of this sale, I will offer for sale at public auction, to the highest and best bidder at the court house door in Hartford, Kentucky, on Monday, May 7, 1917, at about the hour of one o'clock p. m., on a credit of six months, the following described property, to-wit:

Certain lots in Sanders addition to the town of Beaver Dam, Ky., and described as follows: Madison tract and being lots Nos. one, two, three, four, five, six and seven in Block D, on said street, said lots being fifty feet front each and running back to an alley about 160 to 170 feet deep, a plat of said lots is on file in the county clerk's office of Ohio county, and being part of the land conveyed to Samuel Sanders by the Master Commissioner of Ohio county, Kentucky, and recorded in Commissioner's deed book 17, page 112, in the county clerk's office of Ohio county, Kentucky, date November 26, 1877.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond immediately after sale and a lien will be retained as additional security.

Given under my hand this 10th day of April, 1917.

OTTO C. MARTIN,

Master Commissioner.

Barnes & Smith, Attorneys.

Insomnia.

Indigestion nearly always disturbs the sleep more or less, and is often the cause of insomnia. Eat a light supper with little if any meat, and no milk also take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper and see if you do not rest much better. Obtainable everywhere.

You Need a Tonic

There are times in every woman's life when she needs a tonic to help her over the hard places. When that time comes to you, you know what tonic to take—Cardui, the woman's tonic. Cardui is composed of purely vegetable ingredients, which act gently, yet surely, on the weakened womanly organs, and helps build them back to strength and health. It has benefited thousands and thousands of weak, ailing women in its past half century of wonderful success, and it will do the same for you.

You can't make a mistake in taking

GARDUI The Woman's Tonic

Miss Amelia Wilson, R. F. D. No. 4, Alma, Ark., says: "I think Cardui is the greatest medicine on earth, for women. Before I began to take Cardui, I was so weak and nervous, and had such awful dizzy spells and a poor appetite. Now I feel as well and as strong as I ever did, and can eat most anything." Begin taking Cardui today. Sold by all dealers.

Has Helped Thousands.



10 Great Serials

Full of life and action, filled with the fire of fine inspiration and followed by 250 short stories of adventure, will make

The YOUTH'S COMPANION

Better Than Ever in 1915

Then the Family Page, a rare Editorial Page, Boys' Page, Girls' Page, Doctor's Advice, and "a ton of fun," Articles of Travel, Science, Education. From the best minds to the best minds, the best the world can produce for you and everyone in the home. There is no age limit to enthusiasm for The Youth's Companion.

Three Current Issues Free

If you do not know THE COMPANION let us send you Three Current Issues FREE. Enclose this Coupon with your request.

Those who subscribe now, sending \$2 for the 52 issues of THE COMPANION for 1915, will receive The Companion Home Calendar FREE.

52 Times a Year — not 12.

More good reading than you will get in any of the monthly magazines.

SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED AT THIS OFFICE THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN AND YOUTH'S COMPANION, BOTH ONE YEAR FOR ONLY \$2.75.

Get on the Firing Line



If you want to succeed in life you must know what is new in business and industry. Be inventive and science. Get out of the rut; get on the firing line. Read Popular Science Monthly.

The most interesting and useful magazine, and the biggest money-maker. Every month 300 Pictures—300 Articles all for only 15 cents. All the new ideas and inventions in electricity and wireless, in automobiles and aeroplanes, in shipwork and in farming, and in machinery.

How to make things at home. 50 pages every month, including refrigerators, poultry houses, furniture, automobile shop repairs, etc. It is full of money-making, step-by-step ideas. It is written in plain English for men and boys. 15 Cents a Copy—\$1.50 a Year. Get it from a news dealer or write direct to Popular Science Monthly, 29 Fourth Ave., N.Y. FREE. You get a copy if you send 2¢ stamp for postage and mention this page.

Petro Menta Relieves Piles

No matter how stubborn the case may be Petro Menta will bring relief. A trial will convince you. For sale by Ohio County Drug Co. Price 25c.

We Knock the Spots Out of Things Ladies' and Men's Garments

French Dry Cleaned and Pressed in a Superior Manner.

Send us your Garments and Have Them

CLEANED CLEAN

Packages called for and delivered.

THE ELITE PRESSING CLUB

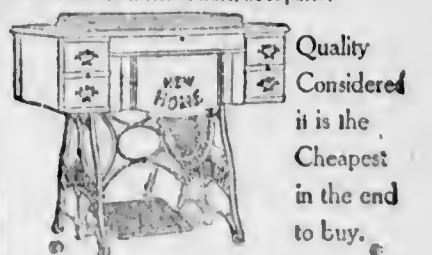
A. Ira Sall, Prop.

HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

NEW HOME

THE SEWING MACHINE OF QUALITY. NOT SOLD UNDER ANY OTHER NAME.

WARRANTED FOR ALL TIME. If you purchase the NEW HOME you will have a life asset at the price you pay, and will not have an endless chain of repairs.



Quality Considered it is the Cheapest in the end to buy.

If you want a sewing machine, write for our latest catalogue before you purchase.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co., Orange, Mass.

USE LIV-VER-LAX

For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

Feel right all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant Liv-Ver-Lax keeps you on your feet, while relieving your trouble. Safer too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminates poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its action, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before Liv-Ver-Lax will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. Never genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigsby. For sale by

J. H. WILLIAMS, - Hartford, Ky.

For prices in the back a good remedy to Dr. M. M. Allen, M.D.

Vanderbilt Training School for Boys ELKTON, KY.

Will help parents develop their sons into the best type of citizens and Christian gentlemen. Its patronage is widely scattered and comes from the best homes in the South. Its capacity is limited, therefore, reservations should be made early. Place your son in this select group of boys. Write

MATHENEY & BATTS

For catalogue and information. Box A.

No Combination of Reading Like It and All For \$2.10

The Youth's Companion

52 Issues of THE YOUTH'S COMPANION

The Best Two

For all the family for only \$2.10

and 12 Issues of McCall's Magazine

and 15 Dress Patterns

Free.

McCall's Magazine

12 Issues and a Dress Pattern

The Pattern is a beautiful one-piece dress, with a full skirt, and a high collar. It is a very stylish and fashionable design.

64 Issues and 15c

McCall's Dress Patterns for \$2.10

Send \$2.10 (in cash or P. O. Money Order) to the publishers of the paper in which this advertisement appears, and get

1 THE YOUTH'S COMPANION for 52 weeks, and the 1917 Home Calendar. (The Calendar is to be sent to you by the Youth's Companion.)

2 McCall's MAGAZINE every month for one year; a choice of any 15-cent dress pattern extra for 5 cents extra to cover mailing.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, St. Paul, St. Louis, Mass. A. C. RICHARDS

Clear Your Skin in Spring.

Spring hours cleaning means cleaning inside and outside. Dull pimply skin is an aftermath of winter inactivity. Push your intestines with a mild laxative and clean out the accumulated wastes, easy to take, they do not gripe. Dr. King's New Life Pills will clear your complexion and brighten your eyes. Try Dr. King's New Life Pills to-night and throw off the sluggish winter shell. At druggists, 25c.

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URGES KENTUCKY TO RAISE FOOD

SEC. VROOMAN SAYS FARMERS' DUTY TO THEIR COUNTRY IS BIG CROPS.

HITS AT LAND OWNER

Must Encourage Tenant To Plant Stuff That Will Be of Greatest Benefit to Nation.

Frankfort, Ky., April 17.—"The responsibility for adequate food production lies with the individual citizen," said Carl Vrooman, Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, in an address before the Kentucky Legislature here today. Mr. Vrooman's remarks were directed generally to the South, and, in this instance, more particularly to Kentuckians.

"Any planter or farmer," he continued, "who in this national crisis fails to put a large part of his land in food crops is lacking both in patriotism and in common prudence. We cannot win this war if we permit the boys at the front to supply all of the self-sufficiency. Today the first duty of the South and the nation is to get food. Every last man, woman and child must share in this common burden and privilege."

"I am myself a land owner as well as a public official, and I want to say a personal word to the land owners of the South."

"All land owners of the South who live in the cities and rent their lands to tenants, owe a duty to their country in this time of war necessity for foodstuffs. They should give their tenants every facility for growing not only the supplies needed on their farms, but also they should urge every tenant to grow a surplus of food crops. Local forces should be organized to furnish a market at reasonable prices for these food crops and thus insure a profit on the crops produced."

"Any land owner who, by exorbitant rents or by pressure of any sort, causes his tenants to plant on his lands a larger crop of tobacco at the expense of food production is not doing his part and has signally failed to measure up to the requirements of a good citizen. I have said before, and I say again, that the South can and must feed herself, and this can only be done when our city land owners and those who control lands actively support and use their influence to secure the production of food."

"Contracts for rents and for mortgages of cropping may already be made, but no land owner, true to his country, will stand in the way of the production of foodstuffs because of selfish considerations. Even from the selfish point of view the individual soldier in the trenches. If our nation is to assert her full might in her splendid crusade for democracy and liberty, the same invincible spirit of patriotism must animate all classes of our citizens."

"Land owners of Kentucky, the time has come for you to sign your pledges and do your bit, for the South, the nation and for the successful termination of the war."

Administrators' Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of Mrs. Lucinda Taylor deceased will present them properly proven to me at my office in Beaver Dam, Ky., on or before May 1st, 1917, or they will be forever barred.

D. B. RHODES, Administrator.

Republicans Loyal.

Washington, April 17.—Republican Senators, in conference today, decided generally to stand behind the President in war legislation so far suggested to Congress, but made no effort to bind Senators to approve selective conscription or to accept the Administration revenue proposals in the exact form advocated by the Executive Department.

There was a distinct feeling that there should be no general legislation at the present session and that Congress should get away before mid-summer.

COAL OPERATORS DISCUSS CAR SHORTAGE PROBLEM

The Ohio Valley Coal Operators' Association held an all-day executive meeting at The Seelbach yesterday to discuss the car shortage problem in the Western Kentucky district. A committee was appointed to take some definite action to relieve the situation. The committee held a meeting at the hotel last night. The body may file a complaint with the Kentucky State Railroad Commission, according to Judge W. A. Wickliffe, of Greenville, Ky., who presided.

Many of the names on the Illinois Central could operate had a small part of last week, according to Judge

Wickliffe, while a similar condition prevails on the L. & N. The mines are being furnished with only about 40 per cent. of the normal supply of cars, he said. As a consequence, many of the mines have been forced to suspend operations entirely, or for a part of the time. As a result of lack of work, deplorable conditions have developed among the miners and their families, he said.

C. F. Richardson, H. L. Tucker and W. W. Bridges were appointed as a committee to take some definite action for relief.—Courier-Journal.

KIPLING POEM ON AMERICA'S ENTRY IN THE GREAT WAR

London, April 13.—The London Daily Telegraph prints verses by Rudyard Kipling, written to celebrate America's participation in the war. The poet puts the words in the mouth of "The American Spirit," who speaks of the opportunity to "recover the road we lost in the drug-gled and doubting years." Two of the stanzas run:

"In the gates of death rejoice:
We see and hold the good—
Near witness, earth, we have made
our choice
For freedom's brotherhood."

"Then praise the Lord most high
Whose strength hath saved us whole,
Who bade us choose that the flesh
should die
And not the living soul."

CENTERTOWN NEWS.

April 17.—Miss Grace Rhoads, who is attending Bethel College at Hopkinston, was at home a few days this week.

Miss Mary Renter, of Livermore, visited her sister, Mrs. Alvin Rowe, Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Eunice Shultz, of Rockport, was the guest of Miss Hattie Mason Saturday and Sunday.

Oliver Evers, who has been employed in Detroit, Mich., for a short time, came home Sunday.

Miss Nellie Goodall is visiting Mrs. John Lindley, of Point Pleasant, this week.

The Askby is getting along nicely with measles.

Mrs. Liza Phipps, who has been sick for several days, is able to be out again.

Rev. J. J. Witter delivered an excellent sermon Sunday night, on "The Spirit, The Water, and The Flood."

Carl Ashby, who has been sick for some time, is reported better.

Will Help Wheat Crop.

Fargo, N. D., April 17.—Snow or rain fell over virtually all of North Dakota and Western Minnesota yesterday, ranging from a five-inch snow-fall in Central Dakota to a light rain-fall in the northeastern section. Although the rain and snow are expected to delay seeding operations for a few days, it is said that at least one-third of the seedling in the State is completed.

"Nothing could be more beneficial for the grain in the ground than this snow-fall," said J. N. Hagan, Commissioner of Agriculture, in a statement issued at Bismarck last night, where a four-inch snowfall was recorded.

Ballot a Burden.

New York, April 17.—Declaring that "the ballot is not a reward, but a burden," Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge and Miss Alice Hill Crittenden, presidents respectively of the National and of the New York State Associations opposed to Woman Suffrage, issued a joint statement today, protesting against proposals to give women the suffrage as a reward for services to their country.

So Sensitive.

An attorney was consulted by a woman desirous of bringing action against her husband for a divorce. She raised a harrowing tale of the ill treatment she had received at his hands. So impressive was her recital that the lawyer, for a moment, was startled out of his usual professional composure.

"From what you say this man must be a brute of the worst type!" he exclaimed.

The applicant for divorce arose and with severe dignity announced: "Sir, I shall consult another lawyer. I came here to get advice as to a divorce, not to hear my husband abused."

Nose for Business.

Mrs. Sharpe is a woman of wonderfully keen intuition, isn't she?" said Mrs. Gaddy.

"Oh, remarkably so," responded Mrs. Gaddy. "Why her husband says she can scent a bargain side three days before it is advertised in the paper."

A Series of Propriety.

"You object all your vote, don't you?"

"No, only," answered Brantley.

"And it a regimen what's running in your office was to give me two dollars."

MODERN INDUSTRY

The Immense Debt It Owes to the Science of Chemistry.

A VITAL FORCE IN BUSINESS.

It is an Exceptional Process or Manufacturing Plant in These Days That Does Not Rest Fundamentally Upon Chemical Control.

Six gentlemen gathered round a table on which were displayed a steel rail, a waterproof shoe, a fifty-cent necktie and a tin of preserved beef. Each claimed credit for creating these commodities.

"All are products of our wonderful factory system," said the manufacturer. "My foresight built the factory, and my management keeps it going."

"How about money?" protested the banker. "Where would your factory be without my financial aid?"

"The third man was an engineer. 'Neither factory nor finance would have been of much account without my professional ability in working out processes,' he asserted. 'Each of these articles embodies hundreds of engineering problems which I have solved.'"

"All production rests on labor," declared a workman in cap and overalls. "If I walk out of your factory everything stops."

"I built up the consuming demand for your stuff," clipped in the salesman.

Finally the sixth man spoke. "I am a chemist," he said, "and these are all chemical products. All industry today is three-fourths chemical. You may think that your steel rail was made in furnaces and mills by purely mechanical processes, but from start to finish it depends on chemical exactness in materials and manipulation, and if the chemistry is lacking the rail breaks. That chrome-tanned shoe is a chemical achievement. Chrome tanning is a chemically exact process. The necktie is made of artificial silk, a chemical imitation that is at once cheap, good looking and useful. As for your tin of beef, the packing industry has been built up on chemical research, and this meat was probably paid for with chemical by-products. Gentlemen, three-fourths of all our manufacturing today is chemical at bottom, and you must recognize that fact if you are going to extend your business and continue to make money."

Enter a vital new factor in American industry—chemical control.

Look at our manufacturing plants through the eyes of the chemist and products that you had supposed were entirely mechanical in their nature, such as building materials, metals, machinery, and the like, become products of the laboratory. The food you eat, the beverages you drink, the clothes you wear, the tools you use, your playthings and studies and the power, heat and light that keep you comfortable in the modern world—in every one of these is subtle chemical supervision. It is an exceptional process or plant nowadays that does not rest fundamentally on chemical control, and if you find one that does not something is probably the matter with it for that very reason.

Here is another way of illustrating chemical control:

"Everybody knows that much has been accomplished in the past few years by intelligent study of people in industry—the workers. A manager understands that his people have differences of temperament, education, brains, strength, likes and dislikes. He uses their natural abilities as far as possible and, when these are too pronounced in a certain direction, may check one against another, as by harnessing careless energy and cautious experience together. Even differences of nationality, politics and religion can be harmonized to increase output, raise earnings, cut costs and abolish waste and accidents.

Now comes the chemist and insists that the materials of industry are just about like the people. They are temperamental. They have warm likes and dislikes for each other. Some are energetic and some sluggish. They differ with moods, temperature, time, and so on. Their differences are as subtle as human whimsies, being detected only with the microscope or delicate reactions in many cases. The chemist aims to bring about with materials the same balance and working harmony that the manager of employees brings about with human beings.

We must not get acquainted with each other on this new basis, says the chemist. Bankers and business men must get the chemical viewpoint and learn to pass on chemical values. They now call in the engineer for professional guidance when they make investments and start new enterprises. They must learn to call in the chemist in the same way and use his knowledge in clearing up technical problems. Their relation with the engineer was not established in a day.

A similar relation with the chemist will take time. For the present they should cultivate an acquaintance with chemists and chemical literature.

The chemist, on his part, recognizes that he has been too closely absorbed in his profession and that he must now cultivate the acquaintance of the banker, the business man and the man in the street and show them where chemistry touches everything in modern life.

James H. Collins in Saturday Evening Post.

Yesterday's neglect causes two-thirds of today's worry.

DEWEY'S IRON NERVE.

How, When a Young Officer, He Subdued an Ugly Mutineer.

In Admiral Dewey's autobiography, written for Hearst's Magazine, is the following story, which shows that as a young lieutenant commander the hero of Manila bay already possessed the iron nerve that characterized his later life:

"Commodore H. K. Thatcher, in command of the Colorado, welcomed me on board heartily, notwithstanding my youth. He said the ship was in a bad state and gave me full authority in the government of the crew of 700 men. 'Gradually I was able to identify the worst characters. They were the ones I had to tame. The ringleader was a giant red-headed Englishman named Webster. Many of his mates were in badly fear of this great brute. The prison being full, I had him put down in the hold in irons.'

"One day I heard a breaking of glass, and the orderly told me that Webster had broken free of his irons, had driven the sentry out of the hold and, in a blind rage, was breaking up stone bottles of soda and ale that were stored there."

"I sent the master-at-arms to arrest him, and the master-at-arms came back to report that Webster had sworn he would kill the first man that tried to come down the ladder into the hold. 'Such a situation was not to be endured. I took my revolver and started for the hold. When I came to the ladder Webster yelled up the throat which had held the others hesitate in view of his known ferocity. Of course any one going down the ladder would expose his whole body to an attack before his head was below the deck level, and he could see his adversary. But my tempering with the fellow meant a bad effect on the whole ship's company.'

"Webster, this is the executive officer, Mr. Dewey," I called to him. "I am coming down and, Webster, you may be sure of this: If you raise a finger against me I shall kill you."

"I stepped down the ladder quickly, to see Webster standing with a stone bottle in his hand ready to throw. But he did not throw it and submitted to arrest peacefully."

WEDDED SIXTY-FOUR YEARS.

And a Cue Word Has Never Passed Between This Couple.

In a day of hasty divorces, when couples are turning to seek ways in which married couples may live happily, credit is due to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Reddie of Philadelphia, who have been married sixty-four years. The fact that they have lived together that long is interesting in itself, but their chief claim to public notice is in their statement that they have never quarreled or even exchanged a cross word.

The wife ascribes her happiness to these causes:

"Because I think there is no one like 'father.'"

"Because I am always willing to humor his little ways."

"Because I will do anything in the world to please him."

"Because I have always given him plenty of good food."

"Because I have always praised him when he deserved it."

"The husband's viewpoint of the marital partnership and the reasons which he finds for the unmarred felicity of himself and his wife are contained in the following:

"Because I think my wife is the finest woman in the world."

"Because I never have a vacation unless she goes too."

"Because I have always been ready to listen to what she has to say."

"Because I have never wanted anybody else but 'mother.'"

"The fact is that this couple continued courtship after marriage and each contributed to the union love, respect and willingness to make sacrifices, each for the other, in the life as well as the big things. Most marital unhappiness is based on selfishness. Exchange."

Twelve Was a Mystic Number.

Why should a jury number twelve? Blackstone attributes the fixing of the number to the Normans, who, like all their Scandinavian ancestors, held twelve in veneration as a mystic number. Similarly, in his "conjuratorial" supports, this idea and gives instances of the regard paid to twelve in early Teutonic laws and finds distinct evidence that twelve men were required among the Anglo-Saxons to form an inquisition.—London Standard.

Beauty in Business.

Looks are a means of judging a girl's possibilities of early marriage, which is a negative element of her value with some firms, as they do not wish to waste money on training girls who will leave them soon. I have known one superintendent to choose the plainest girls possible to work at a machine with a man so as to discourage breakmaking.—W. F. Rourke in Industrial Management.

Style in Emotion.

"Now some scientific sharp says there are styles in emotions."

"I believe it. I know some women who always wear their dignity rifled."—Kansas City Journal.

Cruel.

"Doesn't it annoy you to hear a woman talking about it?"

"Why mention slang especially?"—Erebrance.

A Difference.

"I hear you have been visiting friends?"

"No, relatives."

Spring Footwear!

The popular styles in men's, women's and children's Low Shoes are ready for your consideration. The styles are very attractive and the quality has been fully maintained and the prices are as low as is possible under present merchandising conditions.

If you are interested in stylish, good wearing footwear, this store can serve you to a queen's taste.

QUEEN QUALITY Slippers for the women.

KING QUALITY Oxfords for the men.

BILIKEN Sport Shoes and Oxfords for the children.

Stick to our high grade shoes. It means a substantial saving in the end.

E. P. Barnes & Bro.

Beaver Dam, Ky.

Telephone Troubles

BELL Telephone employees are constantly trying to prevent trouble of any kind in the workings of the equipment, and to repair such troubles as soon as possible after they occur.

Subscribers are asked to report trouble immediately, and to exercise a reasonable patience while it is being cleared.

If you do not see a man actually working on your telephone, it does not mean that you are not receiving proper attention.

The difficulty may be at the switchboard, in the cable or at any one of several other places. Two or three men may be at work hunting it down.

It is always our first consideration to clear troubles promptly.

When you Telephone—Smile

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated
O. F. RIDDLE, MANAGER, HARTFORD, KY.

INDIANA FLAG FOR ROOSEVELT'S DIVISION

Indianapolis, Ind., April 14.—An Indiana flag will float at the head of Theodore Roosevelt's division of Americans in France, if the former President realizes his wish to fight at the side of the Entente Allies. The idea of presenting a flag purchased by subscription to Col. Roosevelt originated with Mrs. Frank Owen Elton, of Indianapolis, who believes Roosevelt is the ideal American to return to France the visit of Lafayette.

In answer to a telegram acquainting him with the plan, Col. Roosevelt said: "That's fine; will gladly accept the flag. I only hope my division will be allowed to go over to France."

It is the law of a school in a town near Boston that only children born in that town shall attend. One little girl in this town was born while her

parents were at their vacation in the country. This made her ineligible as a pupil of this school. In telling a playmate about it when she was old enough to understand the situation the child said:

"You see, I was born while I was on my vacation."

NOTICE.

Two Stallions, two Jacks—four good ones.
LEO TREASURY—Draft Stallion, Black Percheron, 14 hands, weight, 1,500.
ALAN H—General Utility Stallion, 15½ hands, weight, 1,250.
CHICAGO PRIDE, known as the Baker Jack and SPANISH KING, known as the Emulation Jack. Both are black, white points, 15½ hands. All of the above named stock are sired and in short are second to none. Stallions \$100—Jacks \$50.00.
CHAS. B. MILLER, Fordville, Ky.